7. LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Kurva standar vitamin E

Absorbansi	Konsentrasi (ppm)
0,0597	31,25
0,0721	62,5
0,1046	125
0,1605	250
0,2697	500
0,4932	1000
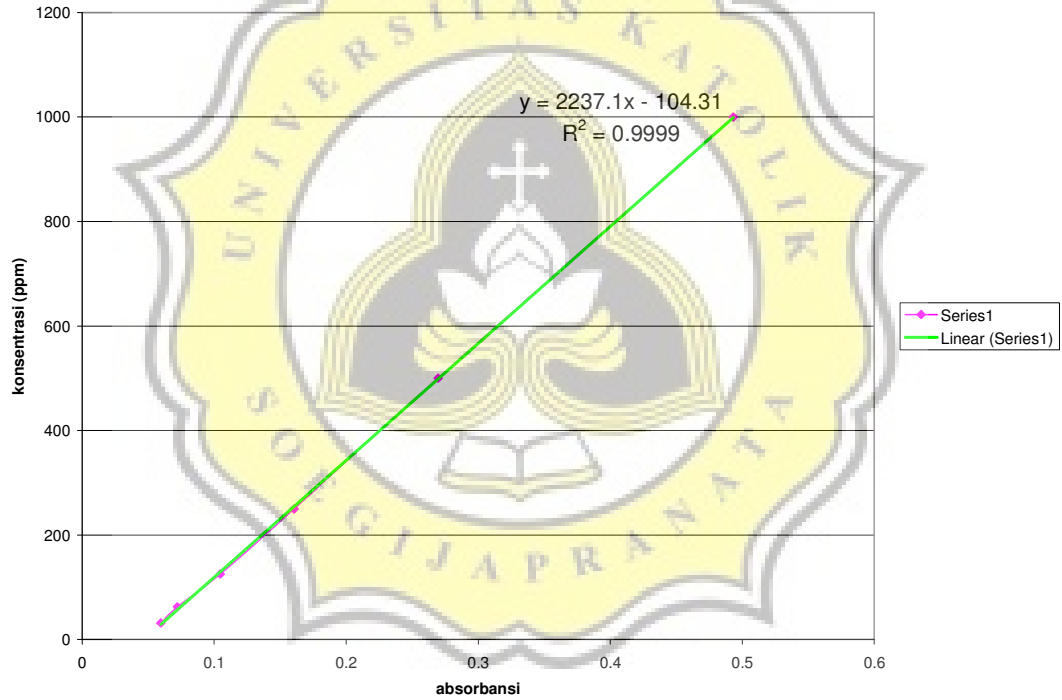
Lampiran 2. Lembar kuisioner analisa sensoris *cookies*

Nama   :
Umur   :
Jenis kelamin : L / P

Anda diminta untuk memberikan penilaian terhadap 4 sampel *cookies*. Adapun penilaian yang diberikan meliputi warna, aroma, tekstur, kerenyahan, rasa, dan kesukaan. Berikan penilaian Anda dengan memberikan angka 1 sampai dengan 4 pada kolom yang telah disediakan sesuai dengan skor yang anda berikan pada masing – masing sampel tersebut untuk setiap parameternya.

Kode sampel	Warna	Aroma	Tekstur	Kerenyahan	Rasa	Kesukaan
275						
497						
518						
523						

Keterangan :

1 : Sangat tidak suka

2 : Tidak suka

3 : Suka

4 : Sangat suka

Lampiran 3. Perhitungan rata – rata skor sensoris

Parameter	Skala penerimaan	Penambahan kecambah kacang hijau			
		0 %	25 %	50 %	75 %
Warna	Sangat tidak suka	0	0	0	15
	Tidak suka	0	1	16	12
	Suka	2	27	11	3
	Sangat suka	28	2	3	0
Aroma	Sangat tidak suka	1	1	0	6
	Tidak suka	0	9	10	13
	Suka	6	16	14	8
	Sangat suka	23	4	6	3
Tekstur	Sangat tidak suka	0	0	1	18
	Tidak suka	0	4	17	11
	Suka	9	24	11	1
	Sangat suka	21	2	1	0
Kerenyahan	Sangat tidak suka	0	0	0	24
	Tidak suka	0	2	22	6
	Suka	9	23	6	0
	Sangat suka	21	5	2	0
Rasa	Sangat tidak suka	1	0	1	16
	Tidak suka	0	4	11	10
	Suka	7	19	15	4
	Sangat suka	22	7	3	0
Kesukaan	Sangat tidak suka	0	1	1	22
	Tidak suka	0	2	15	8
	Suka	4	24	14	0
	Sangat suka	26	3	0	0

Keterangan : Sangat tidak suka skor 1

Tidak suka skor 2

Suka skor 3

Sangat suka skor 4

Rata – rata skor sensoris untuk parameter warna

$$0 \% = \frac{(2 \times 3) + (28 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}93$$

$$25 \% = \frac{(1 \times 2) + (27 \times 3) + (2 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}03$$

$$50 \% = \frac{(16 \times 2) + (11 \times 3) + (3 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}57$$

$$75 \% = \frac{(15 \times 1) + (12 \times 2) + (3 \times 3)}{30} = 1{,}6$$

Rata – rata skor sensoris untuk parameter aroma

$$0 \% = \frac{(1 \times 1) + (6 \times 3) + (23 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}7$$

$$25 \% = \frac{(1 \times 1) + (9 \times 2) + (16 \times 3) + (4 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}77$$

$$50 \% = \frac{(10 \times 2) + (14 \times 3) + (6 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}87$$

$$75 \% = \frac{(6 \times 1) + (13 \times 2) + (8 \times 3) + (3 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}53$$

Rata – rata skor sensoris untuk parameter tekstur

$$0 \% = \frac{(9 \times 3) + (21 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}7$$

$$25 \% = \frac{(4 \times 2) + (24 \times 3) + (2 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}93$$

$$50 \% = \frac{(1 \times 1) + (17 \times 2) + (11 \times 3) + (1 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}4$$

$$75 \% = \frac{(18 \times 1) + (11 \times 2) + (1 \times 3)}{30} = 1{,}43$$

Rata – rata skor sensoris untuk parameter kerenyahan

$0\% = \dfrac{(9 \times 3) + (21 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}7$

$25\% = \dfrac{(2 \times 2) + (23 \times 3) + (5 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}1$

$50\% = \dfrac{(22 \times 2) + (6 \times 3) + (2 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}33$

$75\% = \dfrac{(24 \times 1) + (6 \times 2)}{30} = 1{,}2$

Rata – rata skor sensoris untuk parameter rasa

$0\% = \dfrac{(1 \times 1) + (7 \times 3) + (22 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}67$

$25\% = \dfrac{(4 \times 2) + (19 \times 3) + (7 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}1$

$50\% = \dfrac{(1 \times 1) + (11 \times 2) + (15 \times 3) + (3 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}67$

$75\% = \dfrac{(16 \times 1) + (10 \times 2) + (4 \times 3)}{30} = 1{,}6$

Rata – rata skor sensoris untuk parameter kesukaan

$0\% = \dfrac{(4 \times 3) + (26 \times 4)}{30} = 3{,}87$

$25\% = \dfrac{(1 \times 1) + (2 \times 2) + (24 \times 3) + (3 \times 4)}{30} = 2{,}97$

$50\% = \dfrac{(1 \times 1) + (15 \times 2) + (14 \times 3)}{30} = 2{,}43$

$75\% = \dfrac{(22 \times 1) + (8 \times 2)}{30} = 1{,}27$

Lampiran 4. Perhitungan kadar vitamin E pada *cookies*

Banyaknya *cookies* yang dihasilkan dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 0 % adalah 345,3 g

Kandungan vitamin E pada *cookies* dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 0 % adalah 7,697 mg per 100 g atau 0,07697 mg per g

Angka kecukupan gizi vitamin E pada remaja dan orang dewasa rata – rata 10 mg

Kandungan vitamin E dalam 1 butir *cookies* (berat 10,64 g) = 0,07697 mg x 10,64

$$= 0,82 \text{ mg}$$

1 butir *cookies* mencukupi AKG sebanyak = $\dfrac{0,82}{10}$ x 100 %

$$= 8,2 \%$$

 Banyaknya *cookies* yang dihasilkan dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 25 % adalah 386,94 g

Kandungan vitamin E pada *cookies* dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 25 % adalah 25,07 mg per 100 g atau 0,25 mg per g

Angka kecukupan gizi vitamin E pada remaja dan orang dewasa rata – rata 10 mg

Kandungan vitamin E dalam 1 butir *cookies* (berat 8,07 g) = 0,25 mg x 8,07

$$= 2,02 \text{ mg}$$

1 butir *cookies* mencukupi AKG sebanyak = $\dfrac{2,02}{10}$ x 100 %

$$= 20,2 \%$$

Banyaknya *cookies* yang dihasilkan dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 50 % adalah 431,5 g

Kandungan vitamin E pada *cookies* dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 50 % adalah 43,09 mg per 100 g atau 0,43 mg per g

Angka kecukupan gizi vitamin E pada remaja dan orang dewasa rata – rata 10 mg

Kandungan vitamin E dalam 1 butir *cookies* (berat 7,32 g) = 0,43 mg x 7,32

$$= 3,15 \text{ mg}$$

1 butir *cookies* mencukupi AKG sebanyak = $\frac{3,15}{10}$ x 100 %

$$= 31,5 \%$$

Banyaknya *cookies* yang dihasilkan dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 75 % adalah 455,75 g

Kandungan vitamin E pada *cookies* dengan penambahan kecambah kacang hijau sebesar 75 % adalah 62,56 mg per 100 g atau 0,63 mg per g

Angka kecukupan gizi vitamin E pada remaja dan orang dewasa rata – rata 10 mg

Kandungan vitamin E dalam 1 butir *cookies* (berat 6,54 g) = 0,63 mg x 6,54

$$= 4,12 \text{ mg}$$

1 butir *cookies* mencukupi AKG sebanyak = $\frac{4,12}{10}$ x 100 %

$$= 41,2 \%$$
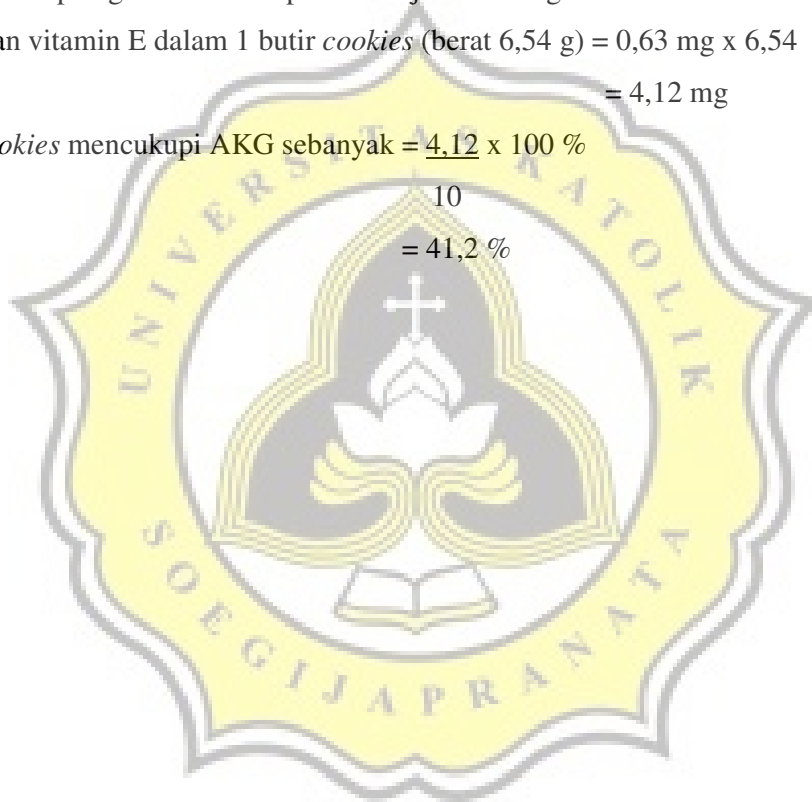
Lampiran 5. Analisa data *bulk density*

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
B.DENSTY	0%	.269	9	.059	.808	9	.025
	25%	.257	9	.088	.903	9	.273
	50%	.240	9	.143	.851	9	.076
	75%	.248	9	.116	.913	9	.338

a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

B.DENSTY

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0%	9	.25378	.000833	.000278	.25314	.25442	.253	.255
25%	9	.25978	.000972	.000324	.25903	.26052	.258	.261
50%	9	.26422	.001202	.000401	.26330	.26515	.263	.266
75%	9	.27244	.000882	.000294	.27177	.27312	.271	.274
Total	36	.26256	.006967	.001161	.26020	.26491	.253	.274

ANOVA

B.DENSTY

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.002	3	.001	576.000	.000
Within Groups	.000	32	.000		
Total	.002	35			

B.DENSTY (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
0%	9	.25378			
25%	9		.25978		
50%	9			.26422	
75%	9				.27244
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 6. Analisa data kekerasan

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
TEKSTUR	0%	.192	9	.200(*)	.917	9	.364
	25%	.209	9	.200(*)	.823	9	.037
	50%	.240	9	.144	.941	9	.595
	75%	.269	9	.059	.808	9	.025

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0%	9	6.933	.1000	.0333	6.856	7.010	6.8	7.1
25%	9	7.900	.0866	.0289	7.833	7.967	7.8	8.0
50%	9	9.089	.1167	.0389	8.999	9.179	8.9	9.3
75%	9	9.722	.0833	.0278	9.658	9.786	9.6	9.8
Total	36	8.411	1.0943	.1824	8.041	8.781	6.8	9.8

ANOVA

TEKSTUR

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	41.611	3	13.870	1457.908	.000
Within Groups	.304	32	.010		
Total	41.916	35			

TEKSTUR (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
0%	9	6.933			
25%	9		7.900		
50%	9			9.089	
75%	9				9.722
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 7. Analisa data pengembangan

Tests of Normality

	PERL	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
PENGE MB	0 %	.223	9	.200(*)	.838	9	.055
	25 %	.252	9	.104	.898	9	.239
	50 %	.271	9	.056	.807	9	.024
	75 %	.269	9	.060	.809	9	.026

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

PENGEMB

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	16.1625778	.23828748	.07942916	15.9794138	16.3457418	15.82400	16.43360
25 %	9	12.0240363	.51195603	.17065201	11.6305120	12.4175605	11.45306	12.96653
50 %	9	7.1711565	.20924728	.06974909	7.0103148	7.3319982	6.97388	7.56653
75 %	9	.7949206	.23896618	.07965539	.6112350	.9786063	.57143	1.14531
Total	36	9.0381728	5.81462074	.96910346	7.0707882	11.0055574	.57143	16.43360

ANOVA

PENGEMB

	Sum of Squares	Df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	1179.985	3	393.328	3748.045	.000
Within Groups	3.358	32	.105		
Total	1183.344	35			

PENGEMB

Duncan

PERL	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
75 %	9	.7949206			
50 %	9		7.1711565		
25 %	9			12.0240363	
0 %	9				16.1625778
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 8. Analisa data kadar air

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
K.AIR	0 %	.220	9	.200(*)	.900	9	.254
	25 %	.273	9	.052	.865	9	.110
	50 %	.204	9	.200(*)	.889	9	.195
	75 %	.238	9	.152	.913	9	.338

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

K.AIR

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	3.0853511	.16286526	.05428842	2.9601618	3.2105404	2.81836	3.43001
25 %	9	4.1713967	.37569066	.12523022	3.8826153	4.4601781	3.49431	4.60390
50 %	9	4.9391289	.35267978	.11755993	4.6680352	5.2102226	4.51677	5.45664
75 %	9	7.2777944	.15316804	.05105601	7.1600591	7.3955298	7.10307	7.56550
Total	36	4.8684178	1.58386008	.26397668	4.3325166	5.4043189	2.81836	7.56550

ANOVA

K.AIR

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	85.277	3	28.426	360.377	.000
Within Groups	2.524	32	.079		
Total	87.801	35			

K.AIR (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
0 %	9	3.0853511			
25 %	9		4.1713967		
50 %	9			4.9391289	
75 %	9				7.2777944
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 9. Analisa data kadar abu

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
K.ABU	0 %	.195	9	.200(*)	.951	9	.705
	25 %	.210	9	.200(*)	.902	9	.261
	50 %	.270	9	.058	.856	9	.087
	75 %	.176	9	.200(*)	.919	9	.381

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

K.ABU

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	.9079867	.06877157	.02292386	.8551242	.9608492	.80244	1.03503
25 %	9	.9426711	.04647286	.01549095	.9069489	.9783933	.88435	1.04528
50 %	9	.9673389	.03490381	.01163460	.9405094	.9941683	.93254	1.02489
75 %	9	1.0143089	.08593496	.02864499	.9482534	1.0803643	.91625	1.16259
Total	36	.9580764	.07129146	.01188191	.9339548	.9821979	.80244	1.16259

ANOVA

K.ABU

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.054	3	.018	4.643	.008
Within Groups	.124	32	.004		
Total	.178	35			

K.ABU (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

		Subset for alpha = .05	
PERLK	N	1	2
0 %	9	.9079867	
25 %	9	.9426711	
50 %	9	.9673389	.9673389
75 %	9		1.0143089
Sig.		.064	.119

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 10. Analisa data kadar lemak

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
K.LEM AK	0 %	.202	9	.200(*)	.868	9	.116
	25 %	.200	9	.200(*)	.908	9	.305
	50 %	.272	9	.053	.842	9	.061
	75 %	.158	9	.200(*)	.893	9	.216

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	26.9333389	.91125694	.30375231	26.2328848	27.6337930	25.92742	28.21862
25 %	9	26.1950767	1.02008832	.34002944	25.4109674	26.9791860	25.11572	27.92309
50 %	9	24.2718633	1.29153675	.43051225	23.2791003	25.2646264	22.89433	26.24152
75 %	9	23.1288100	.83724715	.27908238	22.4852449	23.7723751	21.94133	24.09375
Total	36	25.1322722	1.82105294	.30350882	24.5161166	25.7484279	21.94133	28.21862

K.LEMAK

ANOVA

K.LEMAK

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	82.148	3	27.383	25.833	.000
Within Groups	33.920	32	1.060		
Total	116.068	35			

K.LEMAK (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05		
		1	2	3
75 %	9	23.1288100		
50 %	9		24.2718633	
25 %	9			26.1950767
0 %	9			26.9333389
Sig.		1.000	1.000	.138

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 11. Analisa data kadar serat kasar

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
K.SERA T	0 %	.207	9	.200(*)	.936	9	.540
	25 %	.161	9	.200(*)	.950	9	.686
	50%	.204	9	.200(*)	.847	9	.069
	75 %	.171	9	.200(*)	.948	9	.666

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

K.SERAT

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	5.8384056	.51975986	.17325329	5.4388828	6.2379284	4.92793	6.56864
25 %	9	6.7523889	.46371135	.15457045	6.3959488	7.1088290	6.16991	7.53592
50%	9	8.0427167	.59160826	.19720275	7.5879663	8.4974670	7.47641	9.38737
75 %	9	8.7263078	.48632938	.16210979	8.3524819	9.1001336	8.06842	9.68550
Total	36	7.3399547	1.23883765	.20647294	6.9207924	7.7591171	4.92793	9.68550

ANOVA

K.SERAT

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	45.142	3	15.047	56.162	.000
Within Groups	8.574	32	.268		
Total	53.715	35			

K.SERAT (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
0 %	9	5.8384056			
25 %	9		6.7523889		
50%	9			8.0427167	
75 %	9				8.7263078
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 12. Analisa data kadar protein

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
K.PRO T	0 %	.206	9	.200(*)	.842	9	.060
	25 %	.258	9	.084	.867	9	.115
	50%	.219	9	.200(*)	.879	9	.154
	75 %	.145	9	.200(*)	.975	9	.935

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

K.PROT

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	8.3572111	.26673364	.08891121	8.1521815	8.5622407	8.04788	8.67325
25 %	9	8.7739400	.22830390	.07610130	8.5984501	8.9494299	8.53102	9.16321
50%	9	9.6151422	.45189458	.15063153	9.2677853	9.9624991	8.75670	10.05334
75 %	9	10.3646300	.35627141	.11875714	10.0907756	10.6384844	9.78325	10.96035
Total	36	9.2777308	.84856993	.14142832	8.9906161	9.5648456	8.04788	10.96035

ANOVA

K.PROT

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	21.567	3	7.189	63.283	.000
Within Groups	3.635	32	.114		
Total	25.202	35			

K.PROT

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
0 %	9	8.3572111			
25 %	9		8.7739400		
50%	9			9.6151422	
75 %	9				10.3646300
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 13. Analisa data kadar karbohidrat

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
K.KAR BH	0 %	.166	9	.200(*)	.906	9	.288
	25 %	.178	9	.200(*)	.953	9	.725
	50 %	.200	9	.200(*)	.948	9	.670
	75 %	.160	9	.200(*)	.980	9	.963

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	54.8214533	.89279499	.29759833	54.1351904	55.5077163	53.61266	55.92693
25 %	9	53.1714544	1.19595065	.39865022	52.2521654	54.0907435	51.33073	54.84997
50 %	9	51.8894133	.83236676	.27745559	51.2495996	52.5292271	50.60228	53.01684
75 %	9	49.4881489	.62166353	.20722118	49.0102960	49.9660018	48.44231	50.57625
Total	36	52.3426175	2.15882436	.35980406	51.6121764	53.0730586	48.44231	55.92693

K.KARBH

ANOVA

K.KARBH

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	136.665	3	45.555	55.107	.000
Within Groups	26.453	32	.827		
Total	163.118	35			

K.KARBH (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
75 %	9	49.4881489			
50 %	9		51.8894133		
25 %	9			53.1714544	
0 %	9				54.8214533
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.

Lampiran 14. Analisa data kadar vitamin E

Tests of Normality

	PERLK	Kolmogorov-Smirnov(a)			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
VIT E	0 %	.208	9	.200(*)	.954	9	.739
	25 %	.232	9	.177	.785	9	.014
	50 %	.252	9	.102	.825	9	.039
	75 %	.150	9	.200(*)	.941	9	.588

* This is a lower bound of the true significance.
a Lilliefors Significance Correction

Descriptives

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
0 %	9	76.1991133	2.34213912	.78071304	74.3987858	77.9994408	72.64461	79.80333
25 %	9	245.8582917	12.89794266	4.29931422	235.9440553	255.7725280	214.9242	256.9817
50 %	9	421.6322100	31.69446509	10.56482170	397.2696875	445.9947325	346.6894	455.4124
75 %	9	625.9664383	12.77545919	4.25848640	616.1463511	635.7865256	608.6538	652.7246
Total	36	342.4140133	207.88421771	34.64736962	272.0761136	412.7519131	72.64461	652.7246

ANOVA

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	1501837.927	3	500612.642	1494.819	.000
Within Groups	10716.752	32	334.899		
Total	1512554.679	35			

VIT E (Post Hoc Test)

Duncan

PERLK	N	Subset for alpha = .05			
		1	2	3	4
0 %	9	76.1991133			
25 %	9		245.8582917		
50 %	9			421.6322100	
75 %	9				625.9664383
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.
a Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.