

PROGRAM STUDI SASTRA INGGRIS – FAKULTAS SASTRA UNIVERSITAS SANATA DHARMA

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Nomor: 033/Kaprodi-SAE/FS/I/2023 Yogyakarta, 30 Januari 2023

Hal : Permohonan Pembicara Studium Generale

Senin, 13 Februari 2023

Kepada Yth. *Dekan Fakultas Bahasa dan Seni* Universitas Katolik Soegijapranata Semarang

Dengan hormat,

Melalui surat ini kami, Prodi Sastra Inggris, Universitas Sanata Dharma, Yogyakarta, bermaksud mengajukan permohonan ijin untuk mengundang Bapak G.M. Adhyanggono, Ph.D. sebagai pembicara/nara sumber dalam Studium Generale dengan topik "How to Analyze Film" yang akan kami selenggarakan pada

Hari/Tanggal: Senin, 13 Februari 2023 Waktu: 09.30 - 11.30 WIB

Tempat : Auditorium Driyarkara, Universitas Sanata Dharma

Jl. Affandi, Mrican, Catur Tunggal, Depok, Sleman

Yogyakarta 55281.

Peserta : Mahasiswa Prodi Sastra Inggris, Semester 2, 4 dan 6

(± 600 mahasiswa)

Topik : How to Analyze Film

Atas dikabulkannya permohonan kami, kamu mengucapkan terimakasih.

Hormat kami

Drs. Hirmawan Wijanarka, M.Hum.

Kaprodi Sastra Inggris

Mengetahui

Dy. Tatang Iskarna Dekan Fakultas Sastra



How to Analyze Film

Studium Generale

English Letters Department Universitas Sanata Dharma

COMPULSORY FOR 2020 - 2022 STUDENTS



G.M. Adhyanggono, Ph.D. Faculty of Language and Arts, SCU



Diksita Galuh N, M.Hum

English Letters Department Universitas Sanata Dharma

AUDITORIUM DRIYARKARA **MONDAY, 13 FEBRUARY 2023** 09.30 - 11.30 (GMT+7)









CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION

This certificate is presented to

G.M. Adhyanggono, Ph.D.,

for delivering a topic on **How to Analyze Film**, in the Studium Generale held by English Letters Department, Universitas Sanata Dharma, on Monday 13 February 2023 at Driyarkara Auditorium.

Yogyakarta, 13 February 2023,

Dr. Tatang Iskarna Faculty of Letters, Dean

Drs. Hirmawan Wijanarka, M.Hum. English Letters Department, Chair







Studium Generale English Letters Department Universitas Sanata Dharma Auditorium Driyarkara, Sleman, 13 February 2023

How to Analyze Film

G. M. Adhyanggono, PhD.

Associate Professor in Film and Literary Criticism
Faculty of Language and Arts, SCU

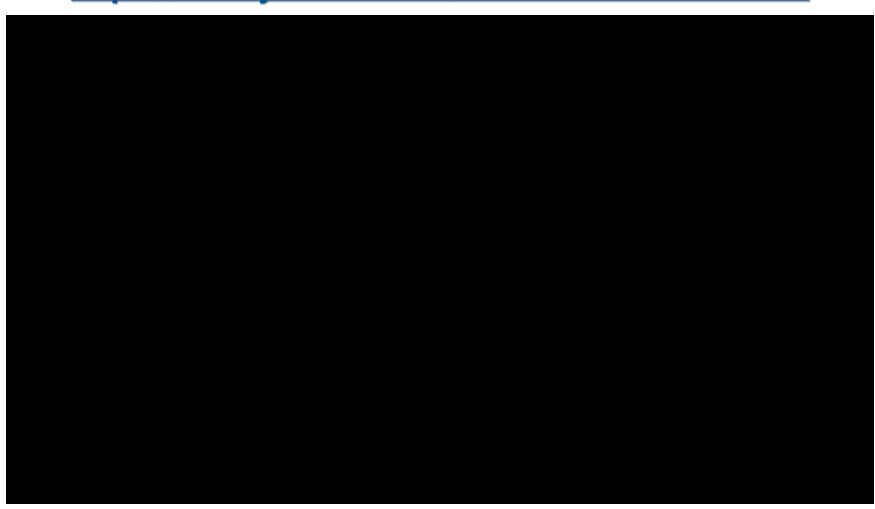


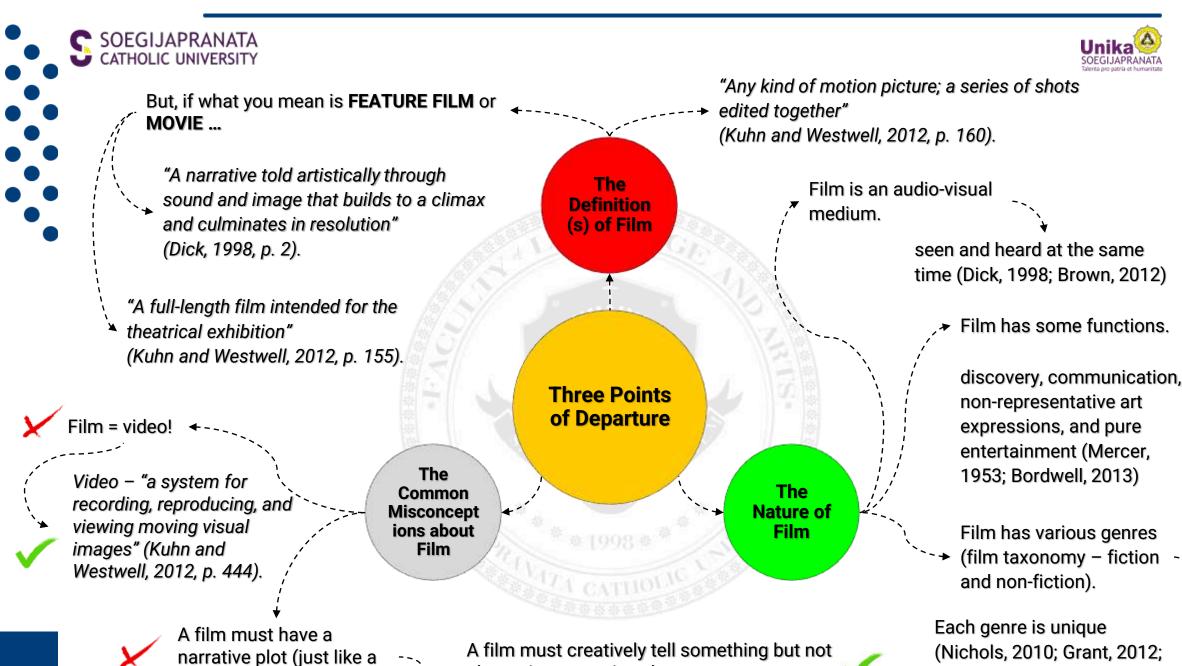




To begin with, let's watch this trailer.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FXNm6SJnlRw





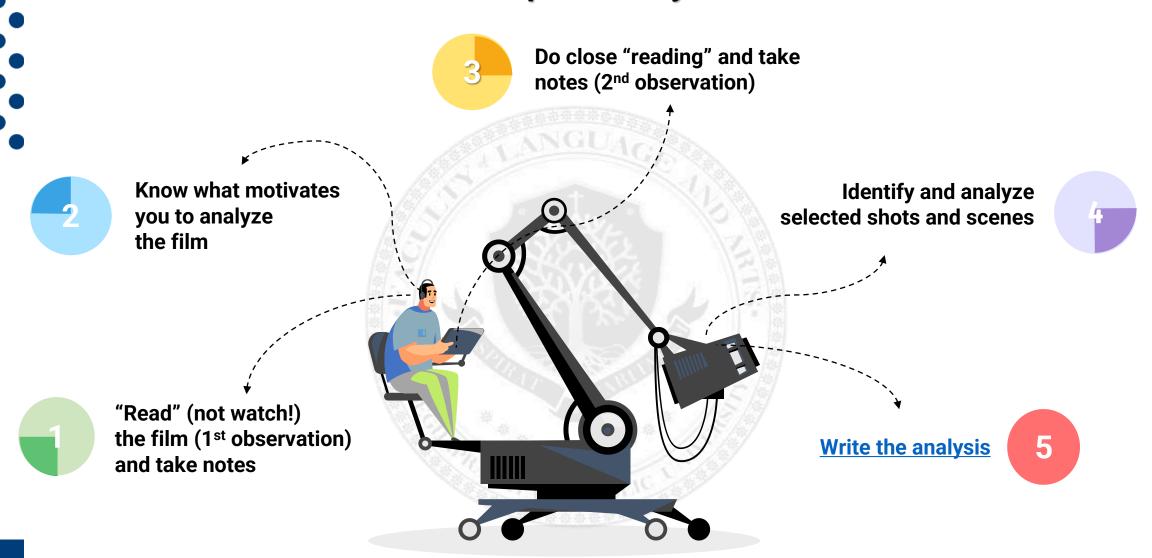
movie).

always in a narrative plot (Bazin 2005; Nichols, 2010; Bordwell, 2013). (Nichols, 2010; Grant, 2012; Nelmes, 2012).





Basic Steps to Analyze Film















"Read" (not watch!) the film (1st observation) and take notes

Jon Lewis – The Distinguished Professor of Film Studies and University Honors College Eminent Professor at Oregon State University

https://liberalarts.oregonstate.edu/users/jon-lewis

"To help us record our observations either during or immediately following the screening, while our impressions are still vivid. If something strikes us write it down" (Lewis, 2014, p.285).

Why is note-taking essential?













What has driven you to do a film analysis?

You want to find out what gave you a certain emotional

response.



La La Land (Damien Chazelle, 2016)



and other reasons ...

The film puzzles you and you want to understand why.







La La Land (Damien Chazelle, 2016)

Motivation will help determine the orientation of your

focusing on the intrinsic elements of a film (textual orientation), or

Why does your motivation in

doing a film analysis matter?

2. furthering your interpretation of a film with a particular viewpoint/approach from outside the film (contextual orientation)
(Lewis, 2014; Corrigan 2015)

Close "Reading" and Taking Notes

Textual orientation

analysis:

Contextual orientation

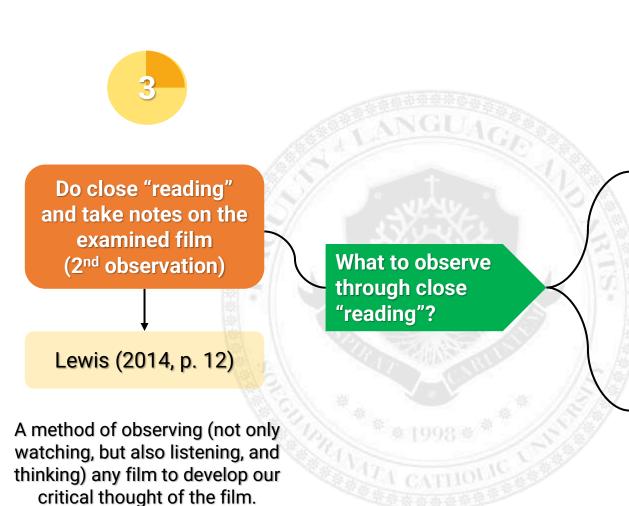












Film Text - "The internal structure and organization of any one film; or simply a film wherever it is conceptualized as a system of meanings" (Kuhn and Westwell, 2012, p. 179).

Examine the Form and Style

Film Text

context

context - In. ion
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"The visual and aural shape of a film. Form embraces all aspects of a film's construction that can be isolated and discussed" (Lewis, 2014, p.14).

Elements of narrative in feature/fiction film

Elements of nonnarrative in nonfiction film Narrative structures (three-act structure, dual A & B narrative structures), plot, story, narrative time, and characters (motivation, types, dialogue & narration, movie stars & screen characters) (Lewis, 2014)

Visual or aural motifs, abstract forms, and patterns (Lewis, 2014)

Mise-en-scène (the "look of the scene")

Setting, lighting, costume and makeup, and staging and performance (Bordwell, 2013)

Examine the Form and Style

Style

Form

Camerawork

Sound

Souna

Camera placement (camera angles), camera movement, focus and depth, stock, exposure, and effects (Lewis, 2014)

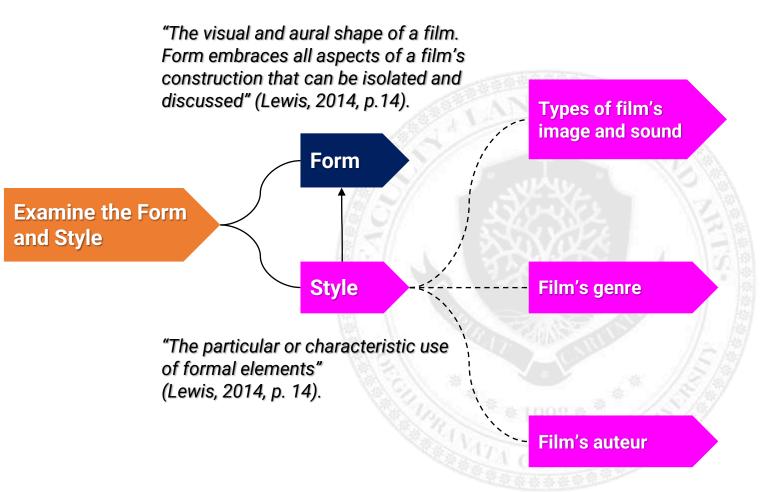
Sound and Image (diegetic & non-diegetic sound, on-screen and off-screen, synchronous and asynchronous), voice recording/track, music (principal music track/score, musical accompaniment), and sound effects, sound editing and mixing (Lewis, 2014)

Tonal (light-to-dark and dark-to-light) and graphic patterns, tempo or rhythm, elliptical editing, montage sequence, transition (cut, fade, irish, dissolve, wipe), continuity editing, insert and jump cut (Lewis, 2014).

Editing







Realistic, classic, and formalistic (Bordwell, 1998; Lewis, 2014).

Fiction: westerns, musicals, film noir, road movies, melodramas, sci-fi, and so forth. **Non-fiction:** documentaries, experimental, educational films, and so forth (Langford, 2005; Bordwell, 2013)

Director's body of works (Lewis, 2014; Corrigan 2015).





How to "Read" a Feature Film/Movie Intrinsically

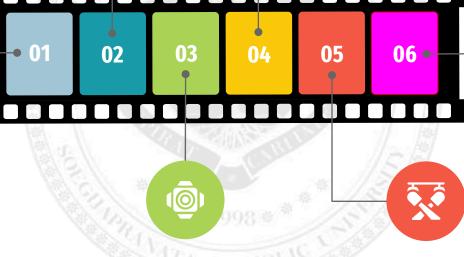
Pay attention to how the movie opens and ends. The first thing you see in a movie is the credits. What images are shown in these credits? How is music used to set the mood of the film?

Consider the overall mood of the film as created by acting, music, lighting, sound effects, costumes, colors, sets, etc. (mise-en-scene)



"Golden Rule":

Pay attention not only to the story, plot, and characters but also to how they are presented by the camera.



Finally, think about how your observations relate to the over-arching ideas, issues, and themes of the film. How do these particulars help your understanding of the whole?

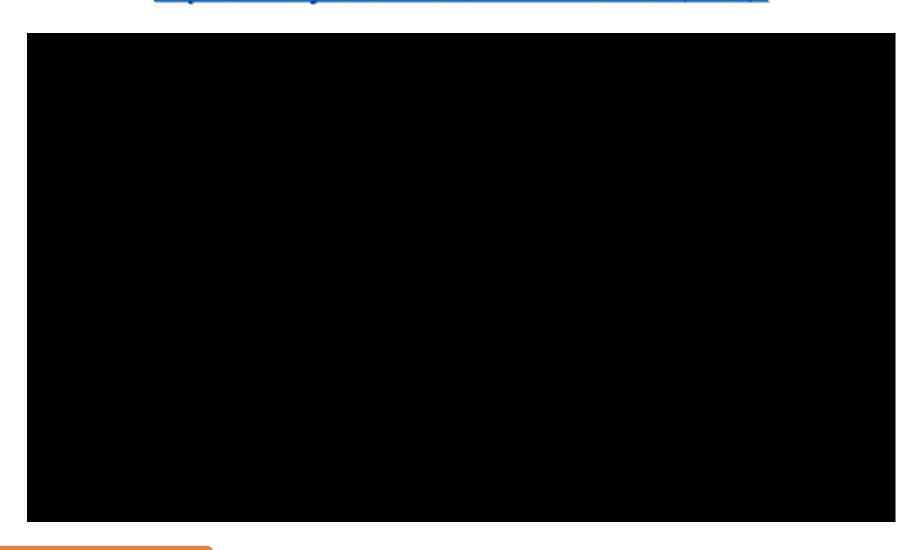
Pay attention to how a film is edited or how it cuts from shot to shot and scene to scene.

Look for repetitions that cue you into what the director thinks is important. Is there a recurring song, music, camera technique, or special effect that adds meaning to the film?





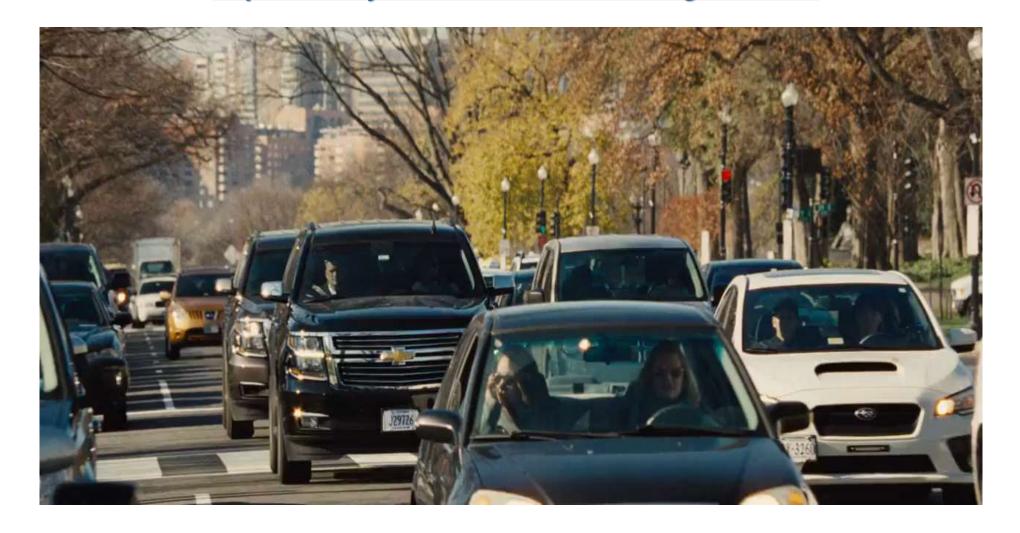
Let's observe the opening scene of Jason Bourne (2016) as an example https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZUAukQsGuQ8







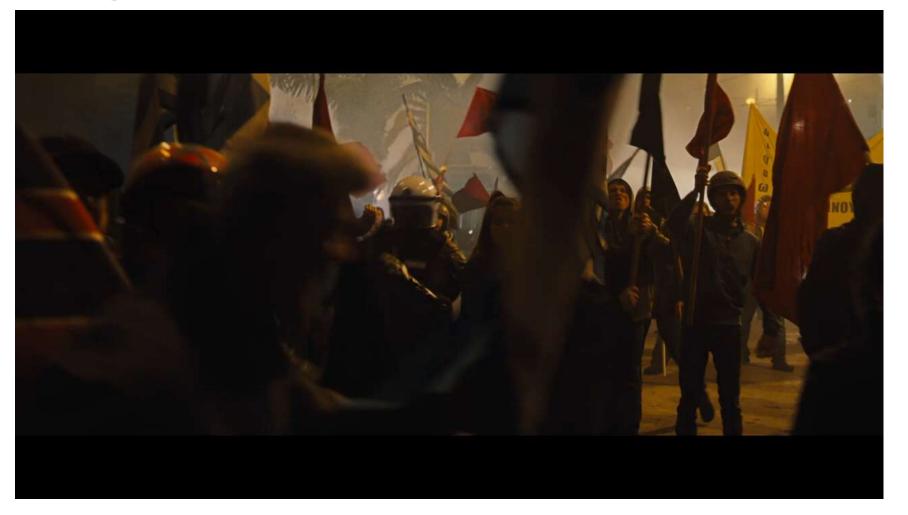
Let's observe the final scene of Jason Bourne (2016) as an example https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NSgIGa1PR5Y







Let's observe the editing and camerawork of Jason Bourne (2016) as an example https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7yrUNI9d71E







Let's observe the mise-en-scene of Jason Bourne (2016) as an example

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7uLVIUuEfFY





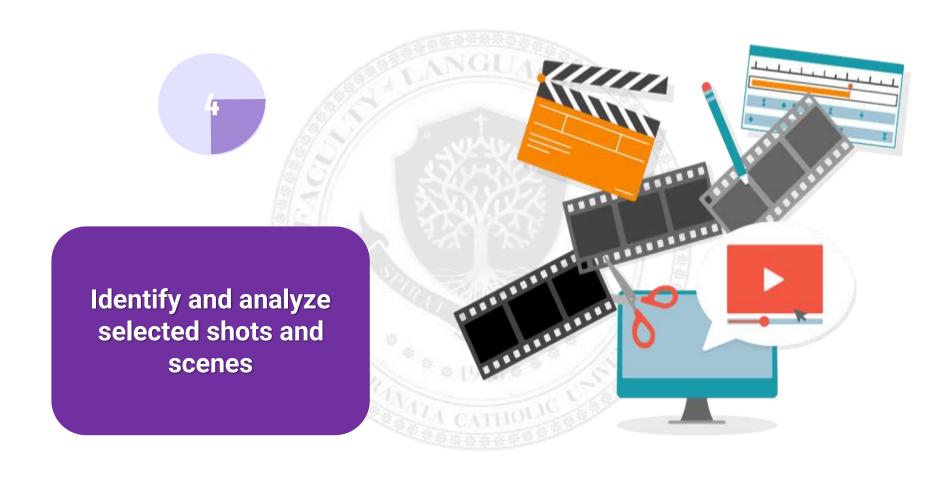


Let's observe the recurring soundtrack theme of Jason Bourne (2016) as an example https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5H5ghcxzVH0











The Technique to Analyze Shot and Scene





Figure 1. Jeff and Kathie framed in the doorway in Jacques Tourneur's *Out of the Past* (1947)



Figure 2. Jeff's former partner Jack calmly approaches the house in Jacques Tourneur's *Out of the Past* (1947)

- What is your initial, subjective reaction to this scene and why?
- 2. Do the processes of identification and idealization apply to your reading of this scene?
- 3. Is the film in which you find this scene by design a work of entertainment or art? If it is a work of entertainment, what aspects of film art can you find? If it is more of an art film, what makes it entertaining?
- 4. See if you can isolate the various aspects of form in the scene.
- 5. What can you identify in the narrative, mise-en-scène, camerawork, sound, and editing?
- 6. Do some research into the biography and filmography of the film's director. How might his or her biography and filmography inform your reading of the film?

(Lewis, 2014, p. 286)







The Technique to Analyze Shot and Scene



Figure 1. Jeff and Kathie framed in the doorway in Jacques Tourneur's *Out of the Past* (1947)

Beginning of scene, Jeff (Robert Mitchum) and Kathie (Jane Greer) at a cabin in the woods at night, looking outside (**fig. 1**).



Sound: We hear Jeff's voice-over setting the scene. This explains why Jack's arrival is initially viewed as bad news, and Jack is initially identified as the scene's villain (and not—not yet at least—its victim). The scene is otherwise relatively quiet, with only natural, diegetic sound effects and no music (Lewis, 2014, p. 286).







The Technique to Analyze Shot and Scene

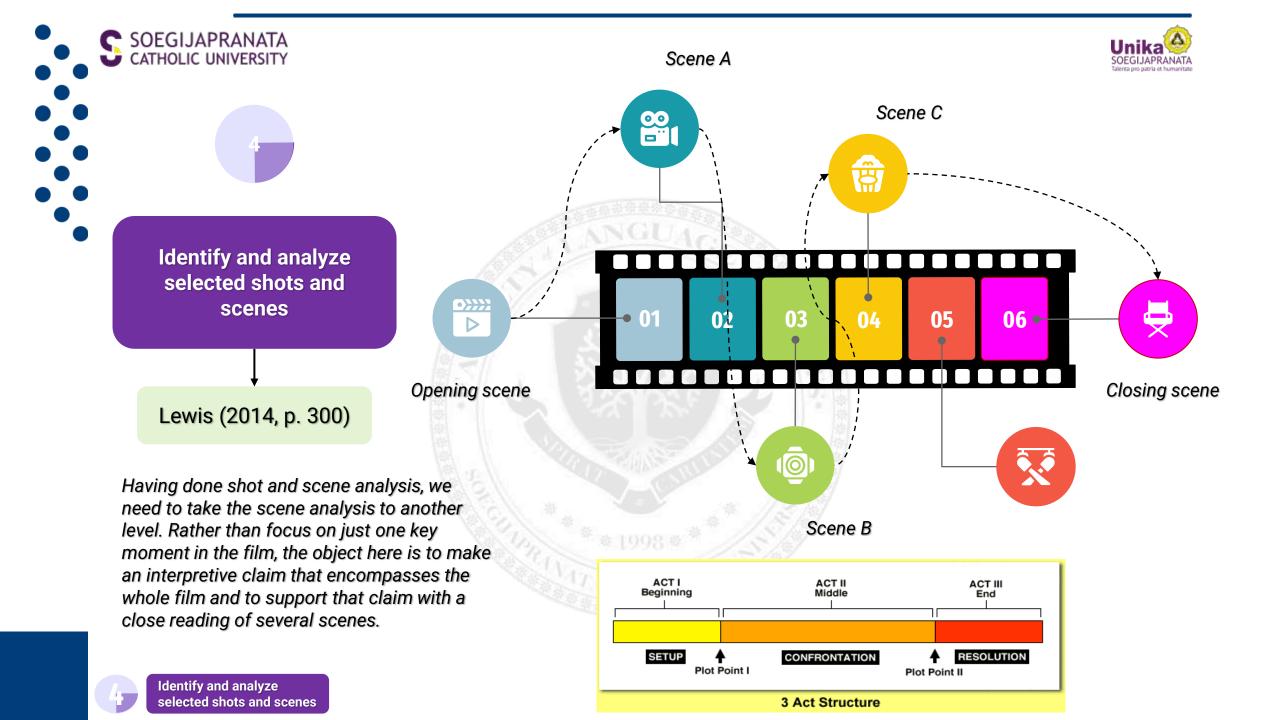


Figure 2. Jeff's former partner Jack calmly approaches the house in Jacques Tourneur's *Out of the Past* (1947)

Jack Fisher (Steve Brodie) approaches the cabin (fig. 2).

- Camera angle and placement: HA/MLS. We see Jack's arrival from Jeff and Kathie's point of view.
- Acting: The actor appears carefree and nonchalant.
 The character Jack Fisher thinks he has the upper hand.
- Costume: Jack is dressed in black; he is, from our perspective at this point, the villain in this scene.

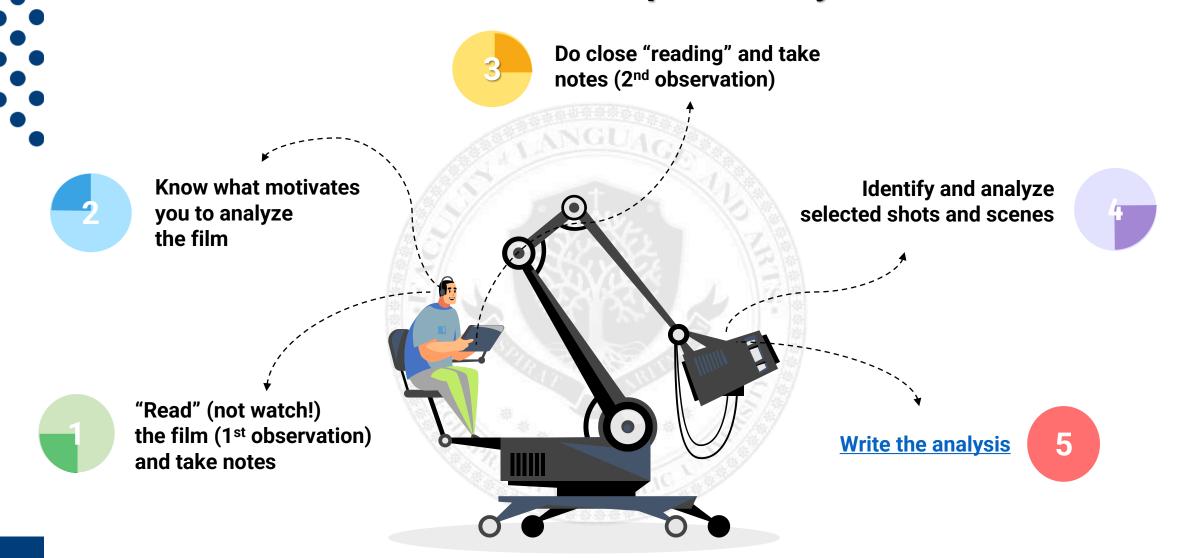
(Lewis, 2014, p. 286)







Conclusion - Basic Steps to Analyze Film







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