A Study on the Perception of Semarang People towards Cashless Payment

A Thesis Presented as a Partial Fulfillment for the Requirements for the

Degree of Sarjana Sastra in the English Study Program



By

Steven Yoah Setiawan

18.J2.0010

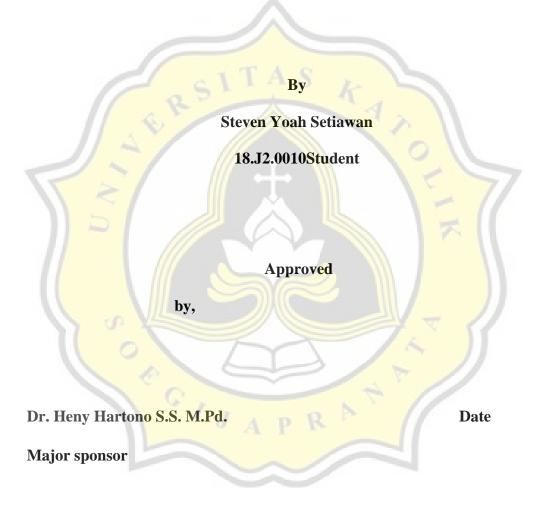
ENGLISH STUDY PROGRAM

FACULTY OF LANGUAGE AND ARTS

SOEGIJAPRANATA CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY SEMARANG

A THESIS APPROVAL

A Study on the Perception of Semarang People Towards Cashless Payment



Emilia Ninik Adyawati S.P.,M.Hum. Date
Co-sponsor

A thesis defended in front of the Board of Examiners on and is declared acceptable

BOARD OF EXAMINERS

First Examiner	: Name
Secon <mark>d Exami</mark> ner	: Name
Thir <mark>d Examin</mark> er	: Name
Sema <mark>rang, <u>Date</u></mark>	
Faculty of Languag	e and Arts
Dean	

Name of Dean

NPP.

HALAMAN PENGESAHAN



Judul Tugas Akhir:

: A Study on the Perception of Semarang People towards Cashless Payment

Diajukan oleh

: STEVEN YOAH SETIAWAN

NIM

: 18.J2.0010

Tanggal disetujui

24 Februari 2023

Telah setujui oleh

Pembimbing 1

: Dr. Heny Hartono S.S. M.Pd.

Pembimbing 2

Emilia Ninik Aydawati S.P., M.Hum.

Penguji 1

: Yimmy Iskandar

Penguji 2

: Emilia Ninik Aydawati S.P., M.Hum.

Penguji 3

: Dr. Heny Hartono S.S. M.Pd.

Ketua Program Studi

: Dra. Cecilia Titiek Murniati M.A., Ph.D

Dekan

G. M. Adhyanggono S.S., M.A., PhD

Halaman ini merupakan halaman yang sah dan dapat diverifikasi melalui alamat di bawah ini.

sintak.unika.ac.id/skripsi/verifikasi/?id=18.J2.0010

STATEMENT OF WORK'S ORIGINALITY

Yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini:

Nama : Steven Yoah Setiawan

NIM : 18. J2. 0010

Progdi / Konsentrasi : Englishpreneurship

Fakultas : Bahasa dan Seni

Dengan ini menyatakan bahwa Laporan Tugas Akhir dengan judul A Study on the Perception of Semarang People Towards Cashless Payment tersebut bebas plagiasi. Akan tetapi bila terbukti melakukan plagiasi maka bersedia menerima sanksi sesuai dengan ketentuan yang berlaku.

Semarang, 28 Februari 2823

Yang menyatakan,

Steven Youh setimum

HALAMAN PERNYATAAN PUBLIKASI KARYA ILMIAH UNTUK KEPENTINGAN
AKADEMIS

Yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini:

Nama

: Steven Yoah Setiawan

Program Studi

: Englishpreneurship

Fakultas

: Bahasa dan Seni

Jenis Karya

: Tugas Akhir

Menyetujui untuk memberikan kepada Universitas Katolik Soegijapranata Semarang Hak Bebas Royalti Nonekslusif atas karya ilmiah yang berjudul "A Study on the Perception of Semarang People Towards Cashless Payment". Dengan Hak Bebas Royalti Nonesklusif ini Universitas Katolik Soegitapranata berhak menyimpan, mengalihkan media / formatkan, mengelola, merawat, dan mempublikasikan tugas akhir ini selama tetap mencantumkan nama saya sebagai penulis atau pencipta dan sebagai pemilik Hak Cipta.

Demikian pernyataan ini saya buat dengan sebenarnya.

Semarang, 28 Februari 2023

(Steven your 5)

Yang menyatakan

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, I want to thank God for His great blessings so that I was able to finish my final report well. At this moment, I would like to take this opportunity to express my deepest gratitude to the following:

- 1. Dr. Heny Hartono S.S. M.Pd. as the major sponsor who always provides correction, revision, and support. Thank you for your help, time and kindness.
- 2. Mrs. Emilia Ninik Aydawati S.P., M. Hum. as a co-sponsor who always helps and contributes a lot to my final report so it can be finished on time.
- 3. All Lecturers of the Faculty of Languages and Arts, Soegijapranata University, Semarang, have provided the writer's knowledge.
- 4. All the employees in Faculty of Languages and Arts, University of Soegijapranata Semarang, who have assisted the writer in managing all matters relating to academics and administration.
- 5. My parents have supported me. They have motivated me.
- 6. The writer's big family for the prayers and support in the form of motivation and material to the writer.
- 7. All friends of batch 18 majoring in Linguistics and Englishpreneurship who are willing to share stories with the writer.

- 8. All friends majoring in Englishpreneurship batch 18 who have provided motivation and support while still studying at Unika Soegijapranata Semarang.
- 9. All parties who have provided their time to fill out and distribute the writer's questionnaire.

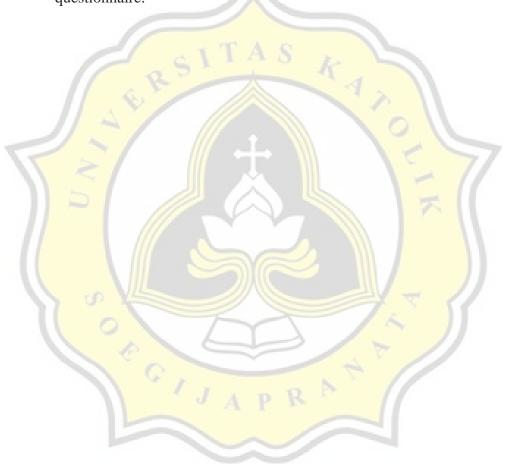


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page of Title	j
Page of Approval	ii
Board of Examiner	iii
Acknowledgement	iv
Tables of Contents	V
List of Tables	V
Abstract	vii
Abstrak	viii
Chapter 1	1
Introduction	1
1.1 Background	1
1.2 Field of the Study	5
1.3 Scope of the Study	5
1.4 Problem Formulation	5
1.5 Objectives of the Study	5
1.6 Significance of the Study	ϵ
1.7 Definition of Term	6
Chapter 2	10
Review of Literature	10
2.1 Technology	10
2.2 Payment	11
2.3 Cash Payment	12
2.4 Cashless	14
2.5 Perception	16
2.6 Debit and Credit Card	17
2.7 E Money	18

2.8 Scan QR Code	19
Chapter 3	19
Method of Data Collection and Analysis	19
3.1 Method of Data Collection	19
3.1.1 Participants	20
3.1.2 Instrument	20
3.1.3 Procedures	20
3.1.4 Data analysis	21
Chapter 4	22
Data Analysis	22
4.1 Reability dan Validity	23
4.2 Semarang People's Perception of Cashless Payment	24
4.2.1. Providing Convenience in Transactions	25
4.2.2. Possibility to check Transactions Records Easily	25
4.2.3. Practicality in Bringing Money	26
4.2.4.A Well Maintained Security System	26
4.2.5. Discount and Cashback	27
4.2.6. A Little Risk of Fraud	28
4.2.7. Using Cashless Payment Anywhere and Anytime	29
4.2.8. Providing Lower Price	30
4.2.9. Large Balance Capacity	31
4.2.10. Providing Easy Learning of Digital Wallet Page	32
Chapter 5	33
5.1 Conclusion	33
5.2 Suggestion	
Bibliography	
Appendix	37

LIST OF TABLES

Tables 4.1	Validity of the instrument
Tables 4.2	Reliability Coefficient Interpretation
Tables 4.3	Reliability
Tables 4.4	The Descriptive Statistic
Tables 4.5	Providing Convenience in Transaction
Tables 4.6	The mean of statement 1
Tables 4.7	Using cashless payment, I can check transaction records easily.
Tables 4.8	The mean of statement 2
Tables 4.9	Using cashless payment is more practical as there is no need to carry cash.
Tables 4.10	The mean of statement 3
Tables 4.11	Cashless payment has a safe security system.
Tables 4.12	The mean of statement 4
Tables 4.13	Cashless payment provides discount promos and cashback.
Tables 4.14	The mean of statement 5
Tables 4.15	Cashless payment has little risk of fraud.
Tables 4.16	The mean of statement 6
Tables 4.17	Cashless payment can be used anywhere and anytime.
Tabl <mark>es 4.18</mark>	The mean of statement 7
Tables 4.19	Using cashless payment, I can get much lower prices.
Tab <mark>les 4.20</mark>	The mean of statement 8
Tables 4.21	Cashless payment can save a large amount of balance
Tables 4.22	The mean of statement 9
T. 11. 4.00	Cashless payment has a digital wallet page that is easy to learn
Tables 4.23	The mean of statement 10
Tables 4.24	The mean of statement to

ABSTRACT

People used to trade via barter before technology became as advanced as it is now. People used to exchange commodities or services under the barter system because technology has advanced, and the payment method has changed, beginning with bartering and progressing to coins and paper money. This study aims to see Semarang people's perception of the use of cashless payment. This study used a quantitative method where the researcher used a closed-ended questionnaire with a one-to-four-point scale comparison, with a scale of strongly disagree, disagree, agree, and strongly agree. The result shows that the participants have a positive perception of the use of cashless payment. The mean is 3.329 (more than 2.5), meaning that they perceive the statement positively.



ABSTRAK

Dahulu orang berdagang melalui barter sebelum teknologi menjadi secanggih sekarang. Orang biasa menukar komoditas atau jasa dengan sistem barter karena teknologi sudah maju, dan metode pembayaran telah berubah, dimulai dengan barter dan berkembang menjadi koin dan uang kertas. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk melihat persepsi masyarakat Semarang terhadap penggunaan pembayaran nontunai. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif dimana kuesioner tertutup digunakan dengan perbandingan skala satu sampai empat poin, dengan skala sangat tidak setuju, tidak setuju, setuju, dan sangat setuju. Hasilnya menunjukkan bahwa partisipan memiliki persepsi yang positif terhadap penggunaan pembayaran nontunai. Rata-ratanya adalah 3,329 (lebih dari 2,5), artinya mereka mempersepsikan pernyataan tersebut secara positif.

