FAKULTAS BAHASA DAN SENI

Jl. Pawiyatan Luhur IV/1 Bendan Duwur Semarang 50234 Telp. (024) 8441555,8505003(hunting) Fax.(024) 8415429 - 8445265 e-mail:unika@unika.ac.id http://www.unika.ac.id



SURAT-TUGAS

Nomor: 041/K 6 4/ST FBS/XI/2020

Dekan Fakultas Bahasa dan Seni Universitas Katolik Soegijapranata Semarang dengan ini memberikan tugas kepada:

Nama

: GM. Adhyanggono, SS., MA., Ph.D.

Status

: Tenaga Edukatif Fakultas Bahasa dan Seni Universitas Katolik

Soegijapranata Semarang

Tugas

: Sebagai Narasumber Dalam Acara Public Lecture Fakultas Bahasa

dan Seni tahun 2020 dengan tema "Approaching Film Studies: What

Should You Know?"

Waktu

: 07 Nopember 2020

Tempat

: Fakultas Bahasa dan Seni Unika Soegijapranata Semarang (Online).

Lain-lain

: Harap melaksanakan tugas dengan sebaik-baiknya dan penuh

tanggung jawab.

Semarang, 07 Nopember 2020 Deka

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Certificate of Appreciation

is awarded to

G.M. ADHYANGGONO, S.S., M.A., Ph.D

in recognition of the valuable contribution as a

PRESENTER

in a Seminar entitled "Approaching Film Studies: What Should You Know?" held at Faculty of Language and Arts Soegijapranata Catholic University on November 7th, 2020



B. Retang Wohangara, S.S., M.Hum. Dean of Faculty of Language and Arts

Public Lecture on "Approaching Film Studies: What Should You Know?"

The Filmic Representation of Semarang City through the Lens of *Dibalik Nama Semarang, Lumpia, dan Warak Ngendhog* (Muttaqin, 2015)



G.M. Adhyanggono

Semarang, 7 November 2020 Faculty of Language and Arts adhy@unika.ac.id



Basic concept: filmic representation

- "A mental state or concept regarded as corresponding to a thing perceived" (Kuhn, 2012, p.348). So, this mental state or concept is closely connected to idea of image, city image in this case.
- This city image is constructed by narratives. And the narratives embedded in a city become the **narrative identity** of the city (see also the notion of 'narrative identity' by Paul Ricoeur in Woods, 1991).



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Background: the problem

No scientific endeavor/research exploring how Semarang City is represented in a non-fiction film, particularly the documentary one.



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Significance: why does this research matter?

- 1. The city's potentials:
 - a. Socio-economic powers
 - b. Cultural assets
 - c. Historical value
- 2. The need of the city to have its distinct identity.
- 3. Subjective reason:
 As I live in Semarang, I
 want to know more about
 'my city'.



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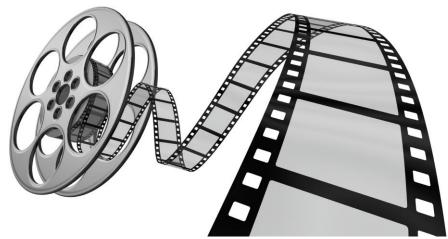
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https://www.liputan6.com/news/read/2358899/situs-purbakala-di-semarang-diperkirakan-peninggalan-mataram-kuno

Research object: why should be non-fiction, especially documentary film?

- The power of actuality and factual-based genre films
 (Bordwell & Thompson, 2013;
 Bruzzi, 2006; Lewis, 2014;
 Nichols, 2010)
- 2. A strong and clear film form, style, and subject matter (Nichols, 1991)





So, the research question is ...



 To what extent does film form, style, and ideational development of *Dibalik Nama Semarang, Lumpia dan Warak Ngendhog* (2015) effectively construct an image of Semarang City?

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The research purpose and objective



• Purpose:

Filling a gap in a cinematic study on the city image of Semarang

• Objective:

Examining the extent to which the film form, style, and the subject matter can effectively express an image of Semarang City.

Method: how to conduct the research?



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- Research design: qualitative research
- Method of analysis: textual analysis
 - Break the examined film down into its constituent formal elements of the films
 - Identify the narrating pattern of the documentary
 - Classify and analyze the film into its mode or genre
- Instrument: observation (nonparticipating observation)
- <u>Sampling technique</u>: purposive sampling

Breaking the examined film down into its constituent formal elements

Segment/Scene	Shot		Cinematographic Aspects (Film Style)	Narrative Aspect
 Opening Segment/Credit Bagian ini dibuka dengan menampilkan sejumlah shot: mentari pagi tertutup mendung orang bersepeda, mentari siang hari tertutup mendung, patung Warak Ngendhog di pusat kota, Tugu muda, pintu tol tembalang, fast motion lalu lintas diseputaran tugu muda senja hari, kuliner tahu gimbal, orang berdoa di masjid dan di kelenteng, tarian kuda lumping, dan pemandangan senja hari Semarang dari ketinggian bukit Gombel 		•	craming: On-center balanced composition Camera angle and placement: combinasi LA, HA/ELS, LS (low-lingle, high-angle/extreme long shot dan long shot): kita melihatnya dari dudut pandang seseorang di alam derbuka memandang matahari derbenam. IFX (Visual special effect): fast motion pada shot-shot tertentu, chususnya pada bagian shot deramaian jalan kota Semarang menjelang senja hari. Acting: - Costumes: - Editing: cut Sound: suara musik pengiring, drummy beat band, yang dinamis derdengar dari awal dan akhir degmen dengan tonasi yang mulai meredup di akhir segmen seiring munculnya judul episode "Di Balik Mama" Color: Intense Lighting: low light key	Narasi verbal lewat teknik voice-over narration belum dimunculkan di segmen pembuka ini, tetapi shot-shot yang ditayangkan sudah membangun konteks mengenai Semarang.

The narrating pattern of *Dibalik Nama Semarang, Lumpia dan Warak Ngendhog* (2015)

- 1. a declaration on the subject matter
- 2. an interrogative statement
- 3. a scene of interview for a testcase
- 4. an explanatory prelude
- 5. testimony of the experts as the main explanation
- 6. alternative story/explanation as a 'play of subjectivity, diversity, and fluidity'



The documentary argument

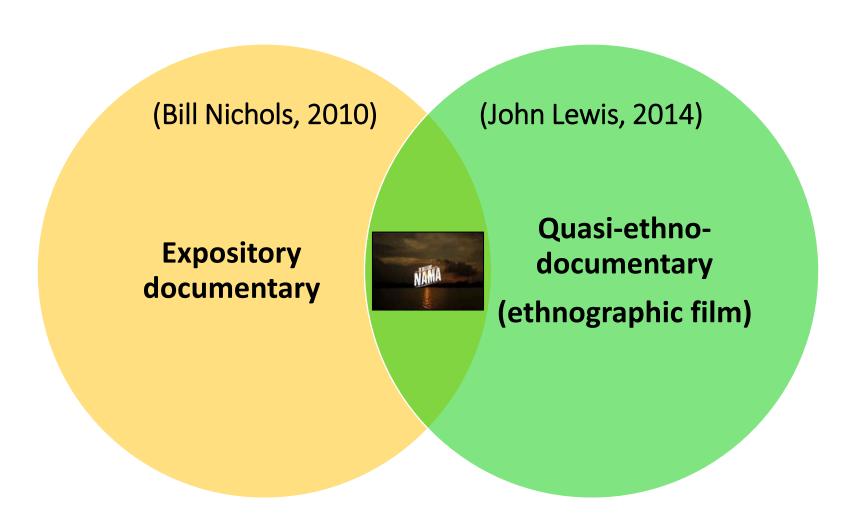
- Semarang is unique and attractive. Therefore, the viewers are invited to join such an imagined experience via alluring stories and (manipulated) explanation of Semarang, Lumpia and Warak Ngendhog
- A word, a name, or a term representing an idea or material object (food, place, and even human being) creates an entity. And this then gives the idea or the object an identity (Strawson, 1997)

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Dibalik Nama Semarang, Lumpia dan Warak Ngendhog (2015): in between expository and 'quasi-ethnodocumentary'



The projected city image

 Semarang is a unique, attractive, dynamic and evolving city whose subjective and collective stories/memories have interwoven the narrative identity of the city.





Conclusion

- ☐ To what extent does the film form, style, and ideational development effectively construct an image of Semarang City?
 - ✓ To the extent that they all coherently support the subjective, fluid, and diverse stories of the subject matters (Semarang, Lumpia, and Warak Ngendhog).
- □ This suggests that the filmic representation of *Dibalik Nama Semarang, Lumpia, and Warak Ngendhog* (2015) has aesthetically achieved its unity and effectiveness to deliver or express the city image of Semarang.
 - ✓ Semarang is a unique, attractive, dynamic and evolving city whose subjective and collective stories/accounts have interwoven the narrative identity of the city.

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Thank you



3. What is movie genre do you really like and don't really like? The reason why you like it and why you don't like it ??

4. Have you ever watched Indonesian films? If so, what is that film, do you like it? And then do you think if the films "in Indonesia are already had high quality or need to be developed again?

From Evelyna Nissi to Everyone: there will be a special session for direct questions when time is available:)

From Irfan Hura to Everyone: thank you

From JOHANA JOY ARTAMIRA to Everyone: Dear presenter, your time for presentation is 5 minutes left. Thank you

From GRACE FERLITA to Everyone: Grace Ferlita (18.J1.0011) 18j10011 @student.unika.ac.id

To: Everyone >

Type message here...

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