

## 7. LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Tabel Normalitas Data Uji Fisikokimia

Tests of Normality						
	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	Df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Cookingloss	,261	45	,000	,830	45	,000
WHC	,276	45	,000	,809	45	,000
Kadar_Air	,077	45	,200 <sup>*</sup>	,983	45	,760
Hardness	,102	45	,200 <sup>*</sup>	,973	45	,369
Springiness	,098	45	,200 <sup>*</sup>	,952	45	,061

\*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 2. Perhitungan Normalitas Menggunakan Microsoft Excel

Data Intan	Parameter Kolm-Smirn	Kolm-Smirn	Kesimpulan
Cookinglost	0.674	0.738	Sebaran data Normal
WHC	0.5033	0.738	Sebaran data Normal
Kadar Air	0.4749	0.738	Sebaran data Normal



## Lampiran 3. Tabel Uji Lanjut Ducan terhadap Parameter Uji Sosis

## Kadar Air

**KadarAir**

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

ChD	N	Subset	
		1	2
0,025	15	41,6507	
0,05	15	41,9940	
0	15	43,0653	
Sig.			,372

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 16,242.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

**Kadar Air**

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

JenisTepung	N	Subset	
		1	2
Sagu	15	39,9287	
Tapioka	15	42,1647	42,1647
Maizena	15		44,6167
Sig.		,137	,103

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 16,242.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

## Cooking Loss

**Cookingloss**

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

Jenis_Tepung	N	Subset	
		1	2
Maizena	15	,11212	
Sagu	15	,11818	,11818
Tapioka	15		,13232
Sig.		,442	,077

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = ,000.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

## Cookingloss

**Cookingloss**

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

ChD	N	Subset	
		1	2
0,025	15	,11010	
control	15	,12626	
0,05	15	,12626	
Sig.			,056

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = ,000.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

WHC

WHC

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

ChD	N	Subset
		1
0	15	1,9650
0,025	15	2,0733
0,05	15	2,1833
Sig.		,202

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = ,189.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

WHC

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

JenisTepung	N	Subset
		1
Maizena	15	1,9767
Tapioka	15	2,0383
Sagu	15	2,2067
Sig.		,179

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = ,189.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

Hardness

Hardness

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

ChD	N	Subset	
		1	2
0	15	731,5224	
0,05	15		947,1561
0,025	15		978,7504
Sig.		1,000	,590

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 25417,524.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

Springiness

Hardness

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

JenisTepung	N	Subset	
		1	2
Sagu	15	703,5607	
Maizena	15		946,6014
Tapioka	15		1007,2667
Sig.		1,000	,304

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 25417,524.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

**Springiness**

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

ChD	N	Subset
		1
0,05	15	7,4868
0,025	15	8,3548
0	15	8,7654
Sig.		,192

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 6,184.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.

**Springiness**

Duncan<sup>a,b</sup>

JenisTepun	N	Subset		
		1	2	3
g				
Maizena	15	5,6817		
Tapioka	15		7,7509	
Sagu	15			11,1745
Sig.		1,000	1,000	1,000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 6,184.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 15,000.

b. Alpha = ,05.



Lampiran 4. Tabel Korelasi Bivariate Seluruh Parameter Uji

**Correlations**

		Jenis_Tepun	ChD	Cookingloss	WHC	Kadar_Air	Hardness	Springiness
Jenis_Tepun	Pearson Correlation	1	,000	-,249	,160	-,212	-,546**	,424**
	Sig. (2-tailed)		1,000	,098	,295	,161	,000	,004
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
ChD	Pearson Correlation	,000	1	,000	,207	-,102	,387**	-,158
	Sig. (2-tailed)	1,000		1,000	,172	,506	,009	,299
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45

Cookingloss

Pearson Correlation	-,249	,000	1	-,116	,019	,050	,154
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	Sig. (2-tailed)	,098	1,000		,449	,901	,743	,311
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
WHC	Pearson	,160	,207	-,116	1	-,094	-,166	,203
	Correlation							
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,295	,172	,449		,541	,275	,181
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Kadar_Air	Pearson	-,212	-,102	,019	-,094	1	-,012	-,359*
	Correlation							
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,161	,506	,901	,541		,935	,015
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Hardness	Pearson	-,546**	,387**	,050	-,166	-,012	1	-,358*
	Correlation							
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,000	,009	,743	,275	,935		,016
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Springiness	Pearson	,424**	-,158	,154	,203	-,359*	-,358*	1
	Correlation							
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,004	,299	,311	,181	,015	,016	
	N	45	45	45	45	45	45	45

\*\* . Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

\* . Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed).

#### Lampiran 5. Penambahan Kromanon pada Minum Ayam



#### Lampiran 6. Gambar Proses Pembuatan dan Pengujian Sosis



Gambar Hasil Produk Sosis



Gambar Analisa Kadar Air dan WHC

## Lampiran 7. SNI Sosis

SNI 3820:2015

Tabel 1 – Syarat mutu sosis daging

No.	Kriteria uji	Satuan	Persyaratan	
			Sosis daging	Sosis daging kombinasi
1	Keadaan			
1.1	Bau	-	normal	normal
1.2	Rasa	-	normal	normal
1.3	Warna	-	normal	normal
2	Air*	% (b/b)	maks. 67	maks. 67
3	Abu	% (b/b)	maks. 3,0	maks. 3,0
4	Protein (N x 6,25)	% (b/b)	min. 13	min. 8
5	Lemak	% (b/b)	maks. 20	maks. 20
6	Cemaran logam			
6.1	Timbal (Pb)	mg/kg		maks. 1,0
6.2	Kadmium (Cd)	mg/kg		maks. 0,3
6.3	Timah (Sn)	mg/kg		maks. 40,0 / maks. 200,0 **
6.4	Merkuri (Hg)	mg/kg		maks. 0,03
7	Cemaran arsen (As)	mg/kg		maks. 0,5
8	Cemaran mikroba			sesuai Tabel 2
<b>CATATAN:</b> * kecuali kadar air sosis daging yang dikemas dalam kemasan bermedia				
** sosis daging yang dikemas dalam kaleng				

## Lampiran 8. Hasil Plagscan



**6.24%** PLAGIARISM  
APPROXIMATELY

## Report #12371985

5 PENDAHULUAN Latar Belakang Ayam boiler merupakan jenis unggas ternak yang memiliki kandungan gizi cukup baik karena tersusun atas komponen-komponen bahan pangan seperti protein, karbohidrat, lemak, vitamin, air, mineral dan pigmen (Fadilah, 2013). Selain itu juga daging ayam boiler memiliki harga yang murah. Tingkat konsumsi daging ayam boiler cukup tinggi sejalan dengan meningkatnya pertumbuhan penduduk di Indonesia. Menurut Badan Pusat Statistik (2017) angka konsumsi daging ayam boiler di Indonesia adalah 5,68 kg per kapita/tahun meningkat 573 gram (11,2%) dibanding konsumsi tahun sebelumnya. Tingginya konsumsi daging ayam boiler dan harganya yang murah sehingga sering diolah menjadi produk pangan. 30 31 Salah satu produk pangan olahan daging ayam adalah sosis. Kata sosis berasal dari bahasa Latin yaitu "Garam" yang berarti digarami atau daging yang melalui poses penggaraman. Sosis merupakan campuran dari daging cincang dan garam yang dimasukkan ke dalam suatu wadah yang dapat dimakan. 20 21 Bahan baku yang digunakan untuk membuat sosis terdiri dari bahan utama sebanyak 75% daging halus dan bahan tambahan (Harold, M. 2004). Sosis sangat digemari di Indonesia dikrenakan harganya yang murah, mudah diperoleh, lebih praktis dan mampu memenuhi gizi konsumen. Menurut data survei independen yang

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