

# LAMPIRAN

## Lampiran 1. Analisis Statistika *Tensile Strength*

### Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Tensile_Strengthbaru	.047	245	.200*	.989	245	.055

\*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

### Levene's Test of Equality of Error Variances<sup>a</sup>

Dependent Variable: Tensile\_Strengthbaru

F	df1	df2	Sig.
1.330	82	162	.063

Tests the null hypothesis that the error variance of the dependent variable is equal across groups.

- a. Design: Intercept + Karagenan + Kemangi + Gliserol + Karagenan \* Kemangi + Karagenan \* Gliserol + Kemangi \* Gliserol + Karagenan \* Kemangi \* Gliserol + Ulangan

Tensile\_Strengthbaru

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Formula	N	Subset																		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Formula 1	9	.6987																		
Noni Komersial	2	.7700																		
Formula 2	9		1.4022																	
Formula 3	9			1.8556																
Formula 4	9				2.1378															
Formula 5	9				2.1922															
Formula 6	9					2.3833														
Formula 7	9					2.3844														
Formula 8	9						2.7256													
Formula 9	9							2.9033												
Formula 10	9								3.2244											
Formula 11	9								3.2300											
Formula 12	9									3.3944										
Formula 13	9									3.4244										
Formula 14	9										3.6011									
Formula 15	9										3.6378	3.6378								
Formula 16	9										3.6656	3.6656								
Formula 17	9											3.7256								
Formula 18	9												4.0656							
Formula 19	9												4.1044							
Formula 20	9													4.2911						
Formula 21	9														4.5767					
Formula 22	9															4.7133				
Formula 23	9																5.0978			
Formula 24	9																5.1322			
Formula 25	9																	5.4678		
Formula 26	9																		5.7522	
Formula 27	9																			6.3856
Sig.		.155	1.000	1.000	.290	.681	1.000	1.000	.914	.560	.240	.108	.450	1.000	1.000	1.000	.503	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .011.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 8.000.

b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.

c. Alpha = 0.05.

### Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Tensile\_Strengthbaru

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	453.084 <sup>a</sup>	29	15.624	1474.513	.000
Intercept	589.902	1	589.902	55673.397	.000
Karagenan	53.138	2	26.569	2507.535	.000
Kemangi	10.107	2	5.053	476.917	.000
Gliserol	360.740	2	180.370	17022.840	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi	1.101	4	.275	25.981	.000
Karagenan * Gliserol	8.898	4	2.225	209.946	.000
Kemangi * Gliserol	1.250	4	.313	29.494	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi * Gliserol	2.386	8	.298	28.153	.000
Ulangan	.009	2	.005	.443	.643
Error	2.278	215	.011		
Total	3522.773	245			
Corrected Total	455.362	244			

a. R Squared = .995 (Adjusted R Squared = .994)

### Tensile\_Strengthbaru

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Karagenan	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori Komersial	2	.7700			
0.5%	81		2.9751		
1.0%	81			3.5889	
1.5%	81				4.1195
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .011.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.

b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.

c. Alpha = .05.

**Tensile\_Strengthbaru**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Kemangi	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori Komersial	2	.7700			
0 g	81		3.3132		
7,5 g	81			3.5575	
15 g	81				3.8127
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .011.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

**Tensile\_Strengthbaru**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Gliserol	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori Komersial	2	.7700			
0%	81		2.0735		
0.2%	81			3.5521	
0.4%	81				5.0579
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .011.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

Lampiran 2. Analisis Statistika *Elongation to break*

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Elongationtobreakbaru	.049	245	.200 <sup>*</sup>	.991	245	.132

\*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Levene's Test of Equality of Error Variances<sup>a</sup>**

Dependent Variable: Elongationtobreakbaru

F	df1	df2	Sig.
.731	82	162	.943

Tests the null hypothesis that the error variance of the dependent variable is equal across groups.

- a. Design: Intercept + Karagenan + Kemangi + Gliserol + Karagenan \* Kemangi + Karagenan \* Gliserol + Kemangi \* Gliserol + Karagenan \* Kemangi \* Gliserol + Ulangan

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Formula	N	Subset																				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Formula 9	9	22.8889																				
Formula 7	9		26.2222																			
Formula 8	9			27.7778																		
Formula 6	9				28.8889																	
Nori Komersial	2				28.5000	29.5000																
Formula 21	9					30.0000																
Formula 24	9						31.0000															
Formula 11	9						31.5556	31.5556														
Formula 12	9							32.1111	32.1111													
Formula 15	9							32.3333	32.3333													
Formula 3	9								33.0000	33.0000												
Formula 23	9									33.5556	33.5556											
Formula 18	9										34.2222	34.2222										
Formula 4	9											34.6667	34.6667									
Formula 2	9												35.0000	35.0000								
Formula 10	9													35.3333								
Formula 17	9														36.7778							
Formula 5	9														36.8889							
Formula 25	9														37.0000							
Formula 14	9														37.5556							
Formula 13	9															38.0000						
Formula 27	9															38.5556	38.5556					
Formula 26	9																39.0000					
Formula 16	9																	40.0000				
Formula 22	9																		41.4444			
Formula 20	9																		42.0000			
Formula 19	9																			44.5556		
Formula 1	9																				47.0000	
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	.168	.259	.210	.098	.058	.210	.133	.098	.157	.110	.316	.210	.316	1.000	.210	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed. Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .762.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 8.000.

b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.

c. Alpha = 0,05.

### Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Elongationtobreakbaru

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	7208.036 <sup>a</sup>	29	248.553	315.169	.000
Intercept	71486.214	1	71486.214	90645.657	.000
Karagenan	1173.728	2	586.864	744.153	.000
Kemangi	168.519	2	84.259	106.842	.000
Gliserol	5548.222	2	2774.111	3517.617	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi	3.605	4	.901	1.143	.337
Karagenan * Gliserol	135.679	4	33.920	43.011	.000
Kemangi * Gliserol	38.444	4	9.611	12.187	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi * Gliserol	77.877	8	9.735	12.344	.000
Ulangan	.055	2	.027	.035	.966
Error	169.556	215	.789		
Total	308203.000	245			
Corrected Total	7377.592	244			

a. R Squared = .977 (Adjusted R Squared = .974)

### Elongationtobreakbaru

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Karagenan	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori Komersial	2	29.5000			
1.5%	81		32.4198		
1.0%	81			35.0370	
0.5%	81				37.8025
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .789.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = .05.

**Elongationtobreakbaru**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Kemangi	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori Komersial	2	29.5000			
15 g	81		34.0370		
7,5 g	81			35.1481	
0 g	81				36.0741
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .789.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

**Elongationtobreakbaru**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Gliserol	N	Subset		
		1	2	3
0.4%	81	29.1975		
Nori Komersial	2	29.5000		
0.2%	81		35.1605	
0%	81			40.9012
Sig.		.512	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .789.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

Lampiran 3. Analisis Statistika *Lightness*

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Lightness	.039	245	.200 <sup>*</sup>	.991	245	.159

\*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Levene's Test of Equality of Error Variances<sup>a</sup>**

Dependent Variable: Lightness

F	df1	df2	Sig.
1.348	82	162	.055

Tests the null hypothesis that the error variance of the dependent variable is equal across groups.

- a. Design: Intercept + Karagenan + Kemangi + Gliserol + Karagenan \* Kemangi + Karagenan \* Gliserol + Kemangi \* Gliserol + Karagenan \* Kemangi \* Gliserol + Ulangan

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Formula	N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
Non Komersial	2	31.4500																											
Formula 27	9		37.3422																										
Formula 18	9			43.3911																									
Formula 24	9				45.8167																								
Formula 15	9					50.1944																							
Formula 9	9						53.0211																						
Formula 21	9							54.3611																					
Formula 6	9								56.4156																				
Formula 12	9									57.2111																			
Formula 3	9										58.1367																		
Formula 25	9											59.8478																	
Formula 17	9												61.9289																
Formula 23	9													62.1011															
Formula 14	9														65.4022														
Formula 8	9															66.1922													
Formula 25	9																66.7056												
Formula 5	9																	67.3322											
Formula 11	9																		68.5456										
Formula 2	9																			71.3789									
Formula 20	9																				72.5167								
Formula 16	9																					74.3600							
Formula 7	9																						76.2433						
Formula 22	9																							79.4133					
Formula 13	9																								80.1989				
Formula 4	9																									81.6156			
Formula 19	9																										85.4700		
Formula 10	9																											90.1922	
Formula 1	9																												96.3578
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	.660	1.000	.191	.111	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.  
 Based on observed means.  
 The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .613.  
 a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 9.000.  
 b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.  
 c. Alpha = .05.

### Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Lightness

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	50138.829 <sup>a</sup>	29	1728.925	611.968	.000
Intercept	223419.579	1	223419.579	79081.265	.000
Karagenan	6591.081	2	3295.541	1166.485	.000
Kemangi	37081.177	2	18540.588	6562.599	.000
Gliserol	1993.057	2	996.528	352.730	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi	762.391	4	190.598	67.464	.000
Karagenan * Gliserol	289.545	4	72.386	25.622	.000
Kemangi * Gliserol	330.529	4	82.632	29.248	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi * Gliserol	509.860	8	63.732	22.559	.000
Ulangan	1.332	2	.666	.236	.790
Error	607.416	215	2.825		
Total	1108500.488	245			
Corrected Total	50746.245	244			

a. R Squared = .988 (Adjusted R Squared = .986)

### Lightness

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Karagenan	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori komersial	2	31.4500			
1.5%	80		59.7259		
1.0%	82			65.4833	
0.5%	81				72.6856
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 2.825.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.

b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.

c. Alpha = .05.

**Lightness**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Kemangi	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori komersial	2	31.4500			
15 g	82		50.9296		
7,5 g	81			66.1384	
0 g	80				81.2724
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 2.825.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

**Lightness**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Gliserol	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
.0	2	31.4500			
0.4%	81		62.6194		
0.2%	81			65.7138	
0%	81				69.6326
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 2.825.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

## Lampiran 4. Analisis Statistika Kadar Air

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Kadar_air	.045	245	.200 <sup>*</sup>	.989	245	.059

\*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

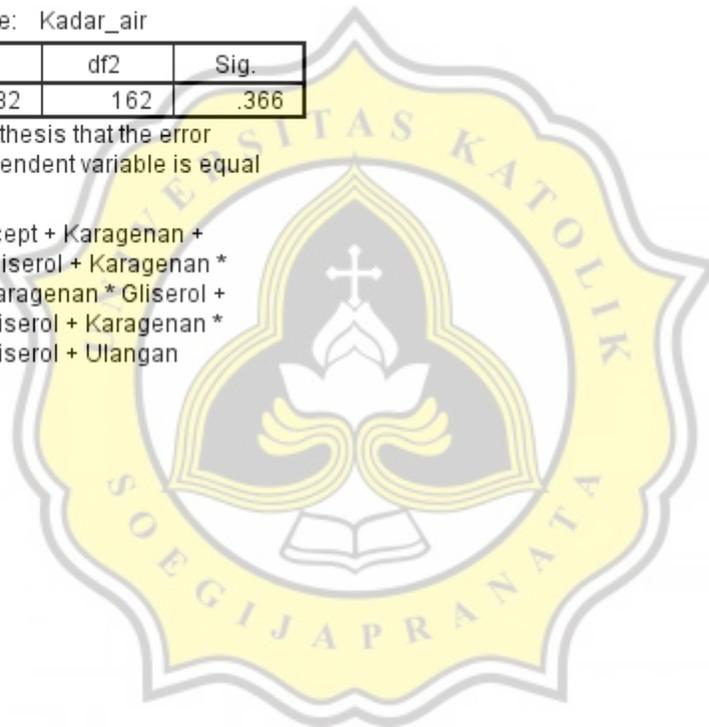
**Levene's Test of Equality of Error Variances<sup>a</sup>**

Dependent Variable: Kadar\_air

F	df1	df2	Sig.
1.063	82	162	.366

Tests the null hypothesis that the error variance of the dependent variable is equal across groups.

- a. Design: Intercept + Karagenan +  
Kemangi + Gliserol + Karagenan \*  
Kemangi + Karagenan \* Gliserol +  
Kemangi \* Gliserol + Karagenan \*  
Kemangi \* Gliserol + Ulangan



## Kadar\_air

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Formula	N	Subset												
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
Formula 12	9	7.0944												
Formula 3	9	7.1944												
Formula 6	9	7.3011												
Formula 7	9	7.3356												
Formula 9	9	7.9833	7.9833											
Formula 27	9		8.5222	8.5222										
Formula 21	9		8.7889	8.7889										
Formula 15	10		8.8050	8.8050										
Formula 18	9		8.8722	8.8722	8.8722									
Formula 20	9				9.0889	9.0889								
Formula 24	9			9.1389	9.1389	9.1389	9.1389							
Formula 26	9			9.4667	9.4667	9.4667	9.4667	9.4667						
Formula 14	9				9.7778	9.7778	9.7778	9.7778						
Formula 17	9				9.8111	9.8111	9.8111	9.8111						
Formula 8	9					9.8833	9.8833	9.8833						
Formula 11	9					10.0167	10.0167	10.0167						
Formula 2	9					10.0278	10.0278	10.0278						
Formula 4	9						10.1000	10.1000						
Formula 5	9						10.1000	10.1000						
Formula 23	9							10.1556						
Formula 10	9							10.1889						
Nori Komerstial	2							10.4000	10.4000					
Formula 19	9								11.1167	11.1167				
Formula 25	9								11.2500	11.2500				
Formula 16	8									11.3250				
Formula 1	9										11.7389	11.7389		
Formula 22	9										11.8200	11.8200		
Formula 13	9											12.3822	12.3822	
Sig.		.063	.063	.055	.053	.060	.056	.069	.059	.144	.155			

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .722.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.994.

b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.

c. Alpha = .05.

### Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Kadar\_air

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	500.528 <sup>a</sup>	29	17.260	24.038	.000
Intercept	5810.755	1	5810.755	8092.753	.000
Karagenan	15.145	2	7.572	10.546	.000
Kemangi	283.638	2	141.819	197.514	.000
Gliserol	34.624	2	17.312	24.110	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi	26.491	4	6.623	9.224	.000
Karagenan * Gliserol	35.982	4	8.995	12.528	.000
Kemangi * Gliserol	39.409	4	9.852	13.721	.000
Karagenan * Kemangi * Gliserol	63.950	8	7.994	11.133	.000
Ulangan	2.322	2	1.161	1.617	.201
Error	154.374	215	.718		
Total	23231.223	245			
Corrected Total	654.903	244			

a. R Squared = .764 (Adjusted R Squared = .732)

### Kadar\_air

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Karagenan	N	Subset	
		1	2
1.5%	80	9.3590	
0.5%	81	9.4728	
1.0%	82	9.9394	9.9394
Nori Komersial	2		10.4000
Sig.		.216	.295

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .718.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = .05.

**Kadar\_air**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Kemangi	N	Subset		
		1	2	3
15 g	82	8.1965		
7,5 g	81		9.8142	
Nori Komersial	2		10.4000	10.4000
0 g	80			10.7999
Sig.		1.000	.184	.363

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.  
Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .718.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

**Kadar\_air**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Gliserol	N	Subset	
		1	2
0%	81	9.0738	
0.2%	81	9.7770	9.7770
0.4%	81	9.9275	9.9275
Nori Komersial	2		10.4000
Sig.		.067	.183

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .718.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

Lampiran 5. Analisis Statistika *Solubility***Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Solubility	.047	245	.200*	.991	245	.153

\*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Levene's Test of Equality of Error Variances<sup>a</sup>**

Dependent Variable: Solubility

F	df1	df2	Sig.
1.165	82	162	.205

Tests the null hypothesis that the error variance of the dependent variable is equal across groups.

- a. Design: Intercept + karagenan + kemangi + gliserol + karagenan \* kemangi + karagenan \* gliserol + kemangi \* gliserol + karagenan \* kemangi \* gliserol + ulangan

**Solubility**

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Karagenan	N	Subset		
		1	2	3
Nori Komersial	2	2.0400		
0.5%	81		3.9551	
1.0%	82		4.2098	4.2098
1.5%	80			4.7045
Sig.		1.000	.369	.082

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .298.

- a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.  
 b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.  
 c. Alpha = .05.

**Solubility**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Kemangi	N	Subset	
		1	2
Nori Komersial	2	2.0400	
15 g	82		4.2382
0 g	80		4.2981
7,5 g	81		4.3277
Sig.		1.000	.768

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .298.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

**Solubility**Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Gliserol	N	Subset			
		1	2	3	4
Nori Komersial	2	2.0400			
0%	81		3.2067		
0.2%	81			4.0923	
0.4%	81				5.5642
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .298.

- Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.448.
- The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.
- Alpha = ,05.

Solubility

Duncan<sup>a,b,c</sup>

Formula	N	Subset													
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Formula 2	9	.8122													
Formula 3	9		1.3589												
Formula 9	9		1.7633	1.7633											
Nori Komersial	2			2.0400	2.0400										
Formula 6	9			2.2289	2.2289										
Formula 14	9			2.5411	2.5411	2.5411									
Formula 13	9				2.8278	2.8278	2.8278								
Formula 8	9					3.1511	3.1511								
Formula 11	9					3.5989	3.5989								
Formula 15	10					3.6520	3.6520	3.6520							
Formula 25	9					3.7111	3.7111	3.7111	3.7111						
Formula 19	9						4.1978	4.1978	4.1978	4.1978					
Formula 16	8							4.2500	4.2500	4.2500					
Formula 10	9								4.3078	4.3078					
Formula 18	9									4.3444					
Formula 7	9										4.5578				
Formula 22	9											4.5922			
Formula 5	9												4.7544		
Formula 20	9													4.7778	
Formula 1	9														4.7778
Formula 4	9												5.4556		
Formula 12	9												5.5000		
Formula 23	9												5.6522		
Formula 17	9												5.8756	5.8756	
Formula 24	9												6.2456	6.2456	
Formula 21	9												6.2644	6.2644	
Formula 27	9													6.8511	
Formula 26	9														7.7856
Sig.		1.000	.140	.109	.084	.296	.238	.062	.060	.063	.074	.165	.182	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.  
 Based on observed means.  
 The error term is Mean Square(Error) = .299.  
 a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 7.994.  
 b. The group sizes are unequal. The harmonic mean of the group sizes is used. Type I error levels are not guaranteed.  
 c. Alpha = .05.

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Solubility

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	701.171 <sup>a</sup>	29	24.178	1004.615	.000
Intercept	997.518	1	997.518	41447.150	.000
karagenan	155.628	2	77.814	3233.199	.000
kemangi	60.903	2	30.452	1265.278	.000
gliserol	269.446	2	134.723	5597.778	.000
karagenan * kemangi	48.699	4	12.175	505.859	.000
karagenan * gliserol	39.960	4	9.990	415.083	.000
kemangi * gliserol	32.872	4	8.218	341.461	.000
karagenan * kemangi * gliserol	86.069	8	10.759	447.025	.000
ulangan	.027	2	.013	.552	.576
Error	5.174	215	.024		
Total	5428.273	245			
Corrected Total	706.345	244			

a. R Squared = .993 (Adjusted R Squared = .992)

1. Uji Sensori

## Lampiran 6. Hasil Rekap Data Uji Sensori

<i>Overall</i>				
	NK	F21	F23	F24
<i>Windi</i>	8	5	6	7
<i>Ruby</i>	7	7	7	7
<i>Edy</i>	8	6	6	6
<i>Kaka</i>	9	5	6	5
<i>Karminto</i>	8	6	7	5

<i>Aroma</i>				
	NK	F21	F23	F24
<i>Windi</i>	7	6	7	7
<i>Ruby</i>	7	5	6	5
<i>Edy</i>	8	6	6	6
<i>Kaka</i>	7	4	6	5
<i>Karminto</i>	7	5	5	5

<i>Tekstur</i>				
	NK	F21	F23	F24
<i>Windi</i>	7	6	5	7
<i>Ruby</i>	8	6	4	7
<i>Edy</i>	8	6	6	6
<i>Kaka</i>	9	4	5	6
<i>Karminto</i>	8	5	5	7

<i>Penampilan</i>				
	NK	F21	F23	F24
<i>Windi</i>	8	6	7	7
<i>Ruby</i>	6	6	7	7
<i>Edy</i>	8	6	7	6
<i>Kaka</i>	9	4	8	5
<i>Karminto</i>	6	5	5	5

<i>Flavor</i>				
	NK	F21	F23	F24
<i>Windi</i>	7	6	6	5
<i>Ruby</i>	8	6	5	5

<i>Edy</i>	8	6	6	7
<i>Kaka</i>	8	4	4	7
<i>Karminto</i>	7	6	6	5

## Lampiran 7. Analisis Statistika Uji Sensori

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Overall	.184	20	.073	.917	20	.085

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Aroma	.185	20	.071	.913	20	.072

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Warna	.172	20	.122	.948	20	.344

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Tekstur	.173	20	.117	.950	20	.371

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Penampilan	.183	20	.078	.925	20	.122

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Tests of Normality**

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Flavor	.188	20	.061	.925	20	.121

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Overall

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.899	3	16	.463

**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Aroma

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.019	3	16	.410

**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Warna

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.600	3	16	.624

**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Tekstur

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.638	3	16	.601

**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Penampilan

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.600	3	16	.229

**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Flavor

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.063	3	16	.979

**Overall**Duncan<sup>a</sup>

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
Formula 21	5	5.8000	
Formula 24	5	6.0000	
Formula 23	5	6.4000	
Nori Komersial	5		8.0000
Sig.		.272	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.

**Aroma**Duncan<sup>a</sup>

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
Formula 21	5	5.2000	
Formula 24	5	5.6000	
Formula 23	5	6.0000	
Nori Komersial	5		7.2000
Sig.		.125	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.

**Warna**Duncan<sup>a</sup>

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05		
		1	2	3
Formula 23	5	5.0000		
Formula 21	5	5.4000		
Formula 24	5		6.6000	
Nori Komersial	5			8.0000
Sig.		.396	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.

**Tekstur**Duncan<sup>a</sup>

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
Formula 21	5	5.4000	
Formula 24	5	6.0000	6.0000
Formula 23	5	6.8000	6.8000
Nori Komersial	5		7.4000
Sig.		.072	.072

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.

**Penampilan**Duncan<sup>a</sup>

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
Formula 23	5	5.4000	
Formula 21	5	5.6000	
Formula 24	5	5.8000	
Nori Komersial	5		7.6000
Sig.		.506	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.

**Flavor**Duncan<sup>a</sup>

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
Formula 23	5	5.8000	
Formula 21	5	6.2000	
Formula 24	5		7.4000
Nori Komersial	5		7.6000
Sig.		.476	.720

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 5.000.



**1.63%** PLAGIARISM  
APPROXIMATELY

## Report #10828092

PENDAHULUAN1.1. Latar BelakangTren globalisasi makanan Jepang sudah semakin terlihat perkembangannya di Indonesia. Hal ini telah dibuktikan dengan adanya beberapa inovasi produk makanan Indonesia yang terdiri dari kombinasi antara produk pangan lokal dan impor. Salah satu makanan Jepang yang dimodifikasi di Indonesia adalah Sushi yang terdiri dari nori, nasi sushi dan topping sushi. Hasil modifikasi secara ringkas dapat dilihat pada Tabel 1.

4 5 6 7 Tabel SEQ Tabel \\*ARABIC 1. Hasil Modifikasi Sushi menggunakan Nori Tahun Inovasi Topping sushi Inovasi nasi sushi Referensi 2015 bakso ayam, ikan teri, tahu, sambal bajak - ADDIN (Fajriana, 2015) 2016 rendang, tempe oreg - ADDIN (Tempo, 2016). 2017 sayuran, kecambah, telur dadar, uyah goreng, daun pepaya - ADDIN ADDIN (Mutinda, 2017) 2018 gudeg - ADDIN (Inibaru, 2018) 2018 - nasi sushi dengan tambahan pewarna biru alami dari bunga telang ADDIN (Limbong, 2018) Inovasi- inovasi tersebut sudah baik karena menggantikan bahan-bahan original Jepang berisikan timun, daging salmon, kulit salmon, selada, omelet, asparagus, lobak asam, jamur, daun sisho, alpukat dan daging kepiting (ADDIN Mouritsen, 2009) dengan produk pangan lokal Indonesia namun di dalam inovasi ini, masih digunakan produk impor seperti Nori. Nori merupakan produk pangan berbentuk lembaran yang sudah mendunia, terbuat

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