CHAPTER 5

IMPLEMENTATION AND TESTING

5.1 Implementation

5.1.1 Labeling train and test

The process of labeling the tran data and test data is done by categorizing the images with test and train directories. At the image labeling stage, image processing will be carried out with convert image to array and save, which will result in the output labeling the test and train in binary format.

```
def Process_Image(self):
1.
      data = np.asanyarray(self.image data)
      for x in data:
З.
      self.x_data.append(x[0])
   5. self.y_data.append(x[1])
     X_Data = np.asarray(self.x_data) / (255.0)
6.
      Y_Data = np.asarray(self.y_data)
7.
     X_Data= X_Data.reshape(-1, self.IMAGE_SIZE, self.IMAGE_SIZE,
8.
      return X_Data, Y_Data
10.
      def pickle image(self):
        X_Data, Y_Data = self.Process_Image()
11.
  12. pickle_out = open('X_Train','wb')
   13. pickle.dump(X_Data, pickle_out)
   14. pickle_out.close()
15.
            pickle_out = open('Y_Test', 'wb')
   16. pickle.dump(Y_Data, pickle_out)
   17.
       pickle out.close()
        return X_Data,Y_Data
```

On line number 2 the train and test data have been categorized into x and y and the process of converting the image to an array is carried out to get the array values from the test and train image.

On lines 3-5, an iteration is carried out to create an index that will determine the conversion of the array values.

Lines 6-7 and normalization is carried out so that the values in the array are only between 0 and 1 by dividing by the maximum pixel value of 255. row 8 is carried out Reshape image data.

Line 9 make outputs the converted image value to the array value, row 10-18 makes the array value saved to binary value using the pickle method.

5.1.2 Image exctraction & Train model

```
1.
      def conv2d(x, W):
          return tf.nn.conv2d(x, W, strides=[1,1,1,1],
2.
padding='SAME')
      def maxpool2d(x):
з.
          return tf.nn.max_pool2d (x, ksize=[1,2,2,1],
strides=[1,2,2,1], padding='SAME')
      x = tf.compat.v1.placeholder('float', [None,
n_chunks,chunk_size])
      y = tf.compat.v1.placeholder('float')
7.
      def recurrent neural network(x):
8.
          weights =
      {'W_conv1':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([5,5,1,32])),
                                                    'W conv2':tf.Varia
ble(tf.random_normal([5,5,32,64])),
    'W_fc':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([7*7*4,512])),
      out':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([1024,n_classes]))}
9.
          biases = { 'b_conv1':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([32])),
10.
                    'b conv2':tf.Variable(tf.random normal([64])),
11.
                       'b_fc':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([512])),
12.
                  'out':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([n_classes]))}
13.
         x = tf.reshape(x, shape=[1, 28, 28, 1])
14.
          conv1 = tf.nn.relu(conv2d(x, weights['W conv1']) +
15.
biases['b_conv1'])
          conv1 = maxpool2d(conv1) conv2 =tf.nn.relu(conv2d(conv1,
weights['W_conv2']) + biases['b_conv2']) conv2 = maxpool2d(conv2)
```

On line numbers 1 -2, the image exctrator process will be carried out with a convolutional layer and maxpooling is done to get important information from the incoming data such as valuable pixels. Maxpolling is done with kernel size ksize = [1,2,2,1].

Line 5-14 then the data is entered into the hidden layer and given weight and bias to obtain classification from train and test. The hiding layer uses layers 4 times, 32, 64, 512. Line 15 resizes the data to be readily recognized by the algorithm.

16-17 use relu activation to make values easier for the algorithm to recognize by making judgments if there is data that has a value of 0 then it is not needed.

```
laver =
{'weights':tf.Variable(tf.random normal([rnn size,n classes])),
'biases':tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([n_classes]))}
          x = tf.transpose(x, [1,0,2])
З.
          x = tf.reshape(x, [-1, chunk_size])
4.
          x = tf.split(x, n_chunks, 0)
5.
          lstm cell =
rnn cell.BasicLSTMCell(rnn size, state is tuple=True)
          outputs, states = rnn.static_rnn(lstm_cell, x,
dtype=tf.float32)
          output = tf.matmul(outputs[-1],layer['weights']) +
layer['biases']
          return output
10.
      def train_neural_network(x):
          prediction = recurrent_neural_network(x)
11.
tf.reduce_mean( tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(prediction
,y))
13.
          optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer().minimize(cost)
14.
          with tf.Session() as sess:
              sess.run(tf.initialize_all_variables())
15.
              for epoch in range(hm_epochs):
16.
                  epoch loss = 0
17.
                  for _ in
18.
range(int(mnist.train.num_examples/batch_size)):
                      epoch_x, epoch_y =
mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
                      epoch x =
epoch_x.reshape((batch_size,n_chunks,chunk_size))
21.
```

On line numbers 1 - 5, it captures the output of the image extractor and becomes a full connected layer to be recognized by the algorithm. On line 6 - 9 the data enters the LSTM cell, the data will be processed with rnn_size which means using a hidden layer of rnn with a value of 128. In this process the incoming data will be recognized by storing the data that is entered into the lstm memory (cell mory) so that the information that is entered can be stored as a reference for future data.

Line 10 creates a function train to build a model. Line 11 is making predictions execution from the recurent neural network. Line 12-17 uses softmax_crossentropy to calculate loss in prediction, Adam optimazer is used to optimize the learning rate. Lines 18-21 create a train step with batch_size 128 on x_train and y_test. Line 22-23 calculates the loss from the prediction. Line 25-29 calculates the d accuracy of the prediction based on the step epoch. And keep the model train based on the accuracy of the epoch.

5.1.3 Load model & Make prediction

```
1. model = tflearn.DNN(convnet)
2. model.load('lstm_ocr.model')
3. def predict(input_img):
4. img = cv2.imread("sample1.jpg")
5. gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
6. ret, thresh1 = cv2.threshold(gray, 0, 255, cv2.THRESH_OTSU | cv2.THRESH_BINARY_INV)
```

```
rect_kernel = cv2.getStructuringElement(cv2.MORPH_RECT,
(4, 4))
        dilation = cv2.dilate(thresh1, rect kernel, iterations =
8.
1)
        contours, hierarchy = cv2.findContours(dilation,
9.
cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_NONE)
        contours, hierarchy = cv2.findContours(dilation,
cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_NONE)
11.
        im2 = img.copy()
12.
        for cnt in contours:
            x, y, w, h = cv2.boundingRect(cnt)
13.
            rect = cv2.rectangle(im2, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (0,
14.
255, 0), 1)
            cropped = im2[y:y + h, x:x + w]
15.
16.
17.
        img2 = cv2.imshow(detect, im2)
```

Line 1-2 reloads the trained model by importing tflearn and reuses it to predict the text in the incoming image. Line 3 uses imread to enter the input image, Line 4-8 applies a filter to the incoming image with a grayscale filter, otsu binarization, and dilation. 9-15 to find the location of the text area using the ROI (region of interest) method based on the contour, width, height coordinate x and y of the image to create a text area marker. Line 17 displays the image with the prediction of the model.

5.2 Testing

5.2.1 Testing Model

Lstm_ocr.model	Pytesseract		
Evaluation_01 Size:width =508, height =817	Evaluation_01 Size:width =508, height =817 Font arial black		

It was the jackal-Tabaqui, the Dish-licker-and the wolves of India despise Tabaqui because he runs about making mischief, and telling tales, and eating rags and pieces of leather from the village rubbish-heaps. But they are afraid of him too, because Tabaqui, more than anyone else in the jungle, is apt to go mad, and then he forgets that he was ever afraid of anyone, and runs through the forest biting everything in his way. Even the tiger runs and hides when little Tabaqui

goes mad, for madness is the most disgraceful thing that can overtake a wild creature. We call it hydrophobia, but they call it dewanee-the

II was the jackal-I abaqui the Dish-licker-and the wolves of India despise I abaqui because ne ruis about making mischief and telling tales, and pating rays and pieces of leather from the village rubbish-heaps But they are atraid of him too, because labaqui, more than anyone eise in the jungle, is apt to go mad, and then he forgets that he was ever atraid bit anyone; and constituting bright the forest bitting everything in his way; Even the tiger cons and hides when little l abaqui; goes mad for madness is the most disgraceful thing that can overtake a wild creature. We call it hydrophobia, but they call it dewanee-the

Font arial black

Word total=108

Word detect=107

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(107 + 0)}{(107 + 0 + 1 + 0)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(107+0)}{(107+0+1+0)} * 100$$

=99.074%

Word total=108 Word detect=107

madness-and run

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(107+0)}{(107+0+1+0)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(107+0)}{(107+0+1+0)} *100$$

=99.074%

Evaluation 02 Size:width =492, height =815 Font arial italic

Word total =125 Word detect = 115

word detect = 115
$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(115+3)}{(115+3+0+3)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(115+3)}{(115+3+0+3)} * 100$$

=97.520%

Evaluation_03

Size:width =440, height =815

Font arial narrow

Word total=85 Word detect = 62

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(62+2)}{(62+1+6+2)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(62+2)}{(62+1+6+2)} *100$$

=90.140%

Evaluation_02 Size:width =492, height =815

Font arial italic

Word total =125 Word detect = 120

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(120+1)}{(120+1+1+3)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(120+1)}{(120+1+1+3)} *100$$

=96.8%

Evaluation_03

Size:width = 440, height = 815

Font arial narrow

Word total=85 Word detect = 84

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(84+0)}{(84+0+1+0)} * 100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(84+0)}{(84+0+1+0)} *100$$

=98.823%

Evaluation 04 Size:width =441, height =819 Font calibri light

Word total=106 Word detect=95

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)}*100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(95+4)}{(95+4+3+4)}*100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(95+4)}{(95+4+3+4)} *100$$

=93.396%

Evaluation_05

Size:width =463, height =809

Font calibri

Word total=83

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$
$$Accuracy = \frac{(70+4)}{(70+4+5+4)} *100$$

=93.396%

Evaluation_04 Size:width =441, height =819

Font calibri light

Word total=106 Word detect=94

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(94+2)}{(94+3+7+2)} *100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(94+2)}{(94+3+7+2)} *100$$

=90.566%

Evaluation_05

Size: width =463, height =809

Font calibri

Word total=83

Word detect=81

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(81+0)}{(81+0+2+0)} * 100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(81+0)}{(81+0+2+0)} *100$$

=97.590%

Evaluation_06 Size:width =479, height =817 Font courier

The Law of the Jung Is, Janch Insert or deep in which give hoods are assort for bid given yellow to be Managerous him here is all lain (political by the horizontal by the horizontal by the him with which can deep the hunting ground of his padd performs. The real reason of his is a that in made hand, and means, gooten or later, the arrival of the his menon elephants, justic groun, and bund est of for cour mentally recognized to the state and or ches. Then we noted by the him and the later than a most deep real to the course them serves as the him of the keep state of most defended with the form of the sea staging among them; and this family of the was the stand of most defended sets fall from them; and this family of the sea stand of most defended sets fall from the major and this family of the sea stand of most defended sets fall from the major and this family of the sea stand of the defended of the season of the things, and this family of the season of the season of the season of the things and the season of the things and the season of the season of the season of the season of the things and the season of the season of the season of the season of the things are season of the season of the season of the season of the things are season of the seas

The purr grew cuder, and ended in the full-throated "Aaarh!" of the tiger scharge.

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)}*10$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(115+7)}{(115+7+6+7)}*100$$
=90.370%

Evaluation_07
Size:width =445, height =800
Font tahoma

"He has no right," Eather modif began angriby— by the way of the Jungles has no right to chance his quarters without due saining. He waith Frighten away head of game within ten alles, and n—I have to kill for these days."

"His mether district call him bunger! (the Lame One) for nothing shide soul requirely, "He has been been been to not foot from his best to have the religious of the source of the has only killed cattle. Now the religious of the Mainquage are anyry with him, and he has come here to make our villagers energy, and he will be to be the source of the language of the la

Word total=132 Word detect=132

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(132+0)}{(132+0+0+0)} * 100$$
=100%

Evaluation_06 Size:width =479, height =817 Font courier

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

Ins your grow Coder and anser in the mill-intrested featural to the

Word total=135 Word detect=134

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$
$$Accuracy = \frac{(134 + 0)}{(134 + 0 + 1 + 0)} * 100$$

=99.259%

Evaluation_07

Size:width =445, height =800 Font tahoma

THE COLUMN TO STATE AND THE COLUMN THE COLUM

Word total=132 Word detect=131

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(131+0)}{(131+0+1+0)} * 100$$
=99.242%

Evaluation 08 Size:width =508, height =817 Font arial

"Enter, then, and look," said Father Wolf stiffly, "but there is no food

"All thanksforthis good meal," heisaid, licking his lips, 'How beauthil arethen oblighting in low large are their eyes, And so young coll indeed, indeed, I might have remembered thauthe children of longs are men from the beginning.

Word total=125 Word detect=99

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(99+8)}{(99+8+7+8)} * 100$$

=87.704%

Evaluation 09

Size:width =470, height =815

Font times new roman

"Shall [tell him of your gratitude?" said Tabaqui.

"Out;" snapped Father Wolf, "Out and hunt with thy master, Thou hast done harm enough for one hight,"

Father (Wolf listened, and below in the valley that iran down to a little river he heard the dry, angry, snarly, singsong while of leitiger (who has caught nothing and does not care if all the (ungle knows (it)

"The fool!" said Father Wolf, "To begin a hight's work with that noise! Does he think that our buck are like his fat Waingunga bullocks?"

Word total=113

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(107+3)}{(107+3+0+3)} * 100$$

Evaluation_08

Size:width =508, height =817 Font arial

Word total=125

Word detect=118

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(118+0)}{(118+2+5+0)} *100$$

=94.4%

Evaluation 09

Size:width =470, height =815

Font times new roman

Word total=113

Word detect=113

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(113 + 0)}{(113 + 0 + 0 + 0)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(113+0)}{(113+0+0+0)} *100$$

=100%

Evaluation_10 Size:width =492, height =815

Evaluation_10 Size:width =492, height =815

Font calibri body italic

Word total=119 Word detect=77

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(77+15)}{(77+15)} *100$$

(77+15+14+15)***100** Accuracy = =76.033%

Font calibri body italic Word total=119 Word detect=117

$$\frac{Accuracy}{Accuracy} = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(117+0)}{(117+0+2+0)} *100$$

=98.319%

Table 5.1: Evaluation&Testing

5.2.2 Testing Without Convolutional Layer

Convolutional Layer	Without Convolutional Layer		
Size:width =508, height =817	Size:width =508, height =817		

It was the jackal-Tabaqui, the Dish-licker-and the wolves of India despise Tabaqui because he runs about making mischief, and telling tales, and eating rags and pieces of leather from the village tales, and eating rags and pieces or learner from the sinage rubbish-heaps. But they are afraid of him too, because Tabaqui, more than anyone else in the jungle, is apt to go mad, and then he forgets that he was ever afraid of anyone, and runs through the forest biting everything in his way, Even the tiger runs and hide

goes mad, for madness is the most disgraceful thing that can overtake a wild creature.We call it hydrophobia, but they call it dewanee—the

Font arial black

Word total=108

Word detect=107

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(107+0)}{(107+0+1+0)} * 100$$

=99.074%

Size:width =492, height =815Font arial italic

The bushes rustled a little in the thicket, and Father Wolf grooped with his haunches under him jeed, you his leed, then, thou had been wideling, you would have seen the most wonderful him in the word—the wolf checked in mid-spring it emade his bound before he saw what it was the was jumping all and then he tired to stop himself. The resources he was transfer four or five feet, Landing almost where he left ground.

"Mani" he snapped "A man's cub Look!"

Directly in front of him, holding on by a low branch, stood a naked brown beby who could us twalk—as soft and as timple of a little from asserver came to a work serve at night. He looked up into Father Wolfs (ace, and Jauphed)

Word total =125
Word detect = 115

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(115+3)}{(115+3+0+3)} * 100$$
=97.520%

It was the jackal-Tabaqui, the Dish-licker-and the wolves of India Itiwas the jackal-Tabagui, the Dish-licker-and the wolves of India despise Tabagui because he runs about making mischief, and telling tales, and eating rags and pieces of leather from the village rubbish-heaps. But they are jarraid of him too, because Tabagui, more than anyone jets in the jungle, is apt to go mad, and then he forgets that he was ever jarraid of anyone, and runs through the forest biting everything in his way. Even the tiger runs and hides when little Tabagui!

Tabaqui
goes mad, for madness is the most disgraceful thing that can overtake a wild creature. We call it hydrophobia, but they call it dewanee-the madness-and run.

Font arial black Word total=108 Word detect=86

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(86+7)}{(86+7+8+7)} * 100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(86+7)}{(86+7+8+7)} *100$$

86.111%

Size:width = 492, height = 815Font arial italic

"Man!" |he|snapped. |"A|man's cub. |Look!"|

Directly in front of him, holding on by a low branch, stood a naked brown baby who could just walk-as Soft and as dimpled a little atom as ever came to a works cave at much. He looked up into l-atter Wolfs froe land (auch

Word total =125Word detect = 82

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(82+10)}{(82+13+20+10)} *100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(82+10)}{(82+13+20+10)} *100$$

Size:width =440, height =815 Font arial narrow

Now, Tabaqui knew as well as anyone else that there is nothing so unlocky as to compliment shider to their faces. It pleased him to see Mother and Father Wolf look uncomfortable.

Tabaqui sat still, rejoicing in the mischief that he had made, and then he said spitefully.

[Shere Khan, the Big One, has shifted his hunting grounds. He will hunt among these hills for the next moon; so he has told me?"

Shere Khan was the tiger who lived near the Waingunga River, twenty miles away,

Word total=85

Word detect = 62

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)}*100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(62+2)}{(62+1+6+2)}*100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(62+2)}{(62+1+6+2)} *100$$

=90.140%

Size:width =440, height =815 Font arial narrow

Now, <u>Tabaqui</u> knew as well as anyone less that here is nothing so unlucky as to compliment <u>children</u> to their faces. It preased him to see Mother land Father Wolf Jook uncomfortable.

Tabaqui sat still, rejoicing in the mischief that he had made, and then he said spitefully:

"Shere Khan, the Big One, has shifted his hunting grounds. He will hunt among these hills for the next moon, so he has told me."

Shere Khan was the tiger who lived near the Waingunga River, twenty

Word total=85

Word detect = 24

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(24+13)}{(24+20+31+10)} *100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(24+13)}{(24+20+31+10)} *100$$

=40%

Size:width =441, height =819 Font calibri light

te teeth go with noble children that they may never f proet the hungry in this world?"

Word total=106 Word detect=95

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} *100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(95 + 4)}{(95 + 4 + 3 + 4)} *100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(95+4)}{(95+4+3+4)} *100$$

=93.396%

Size:width =463, height =809Font calibri

Word total=83 Word detect=70

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$
$$Accuracy = \frac{(70 + 4)}{(70 + 4 + 5 + 4)} * 100$$

=93.396%

Size:width =441, height =819 Font calibri light

te teeth go with noble children that they may never forget the hungry in this world.

Word total=106 Word detect=65

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(65+8)}{(65+12+21+8)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(65+8)}{(65+12+21+8)} *100$$

=68.867%

Size:width =463, height =809Font calibri

Word total=83 Word detect=31

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$
$$Accuracy = \frac{(31 + 6)}{(31 + 17 + 29 + 6)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(31+6)}{(31+17+29+6)} *100$$

=44.578%

Size:width =479, height =817 Font courier

your one younglo, in consequence of a proposition of a more of the properties of the plane of th

The purr grew louder, and ended in the full-throated "Asarh!" of the tiger's charge.

Word total=135 Word detect=115

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(115 + 7)}{(115 + 7 + 6 + 7)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(115+7)}{(115+7+6+7)} *100$$

=90.370%

Size:width =44<mark>5, heigh</mark>t =800 Font tahoma

On every head of game within ten bills, and respect to be have the base days, $^{\prime\prime}$

mother did not call him functified ame uses you consider to said on the foot resemble in the first place of the land of none foot from him is that you have a said on the foot from him and he has come here to make our villagers of the walls him a not he has come here to make our villagers and he has come here to make our villagers and so well soons the jumple foot him what he is for away, and so well soons the jumple foot him what he is for away, and so well soons the jumple foot him what he is for away. our drem must run when the grass is set allight, Indeed, we are very grateful to Shere Khani"

Word total=132 Word detect=132

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(132+0)}{(132+0+0+0)} * 100$$

=100%

Size:width =479, height =817 Font courier

The purr grew louder, and ended in the full-throated "<u>Aaarh</u>!" of the tiger's charge.

Word total=135 Word detect=59

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(59+13)}{(59+24+39+13)} *100$

=53.333**%**

Size:width =445, height =800 Font tahoma

"He has no right!" Father Wolf began angrily--"by the Law of the Jungle his has no right to change his quarters without Sue warning. He ficialten swarp has all of ighten every head of game within ten miles, and I--I have to

wolf quietly. "He has been lame in one foot from his has only killed cattle. Now the villagers of the a are the him, and he has come here to make our villagers will scout the jungle for him when he is far away, and w

and our children must run when the grass is set alight. Indeed, we are grateful to Shere Khan!

Word total=132 Word detect=129

=97.727%

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$
$$Accuracy = \frac{(129+0)}{(129+0+3+0)} * 100$$

Size:width =508, height =817 Font arial

"Enter, then, and look," said Father Wolf stiffly, "but there is no food here."

"All then is forth is good meal," his said, licking his lips, "How beauth il are the noble children il how large are their eyes! And so young ool Indeed, indeed, I might have remembered that the children of kings are men from the beginning."

Word total=125 Word detect=99

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(99+8)}{(99+8+7+8)} * 100$$

=87.704%

Size:width =470, height =815Font times new roman

"The fooli" said Father Wolf, "To begin a hight's work with that noise! Does he think that our buck are [ke his fat Waingunga bullocks?"]

Word total=113

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(107+3)}{(107+3+0+3)} * 100$

Size:width =508, height =817 Font arial

"Enter, then, and look," said Father Wolf stiffly, "but there is no food

ks for this good meal, the said, licking his lips I How lare the noble children! How large are meir eyes! And so young hed. In deed, I might have remembered that the children of kings from the beginning."

Word total=125

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(62+14)}{(62+22+27+14)} *100$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(62+14)}{(62+22+27+14)} *100$$

=60.8%

Size:width =470, height =815Font times new roman

ut and hunt with thy master. Thou hast

Word total=113

Word detect=93
$$(TP+TN)$$

Accuracy =
$$\frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} * 100$$

Accuracy = $\frac{(93+0)}{(93+4+16+0)} * 100$

=82.300%

Size:width =492, height =815 Font calibri body italic

If washeren's clockled a very avam per sonn gin the Seconce Ishli when Ishar Wolf who up (press) play of year, I crathched insult, waywed, and press dign is highway per sident the jober to getfind for the press of the press of

Size:width =492, height =815 Font calibri body italic

twa jawenjo clock jof a very warm jereningija iho Seennes hills jelwani saken Wolf wode i promisti dagi "renjaretskod himseli", waywed, an saken Wolf wode i promisti dagi "renjaretskod himseli", waywed, an heit trips Moder Wolf lay with he teg gjer vijoret googed across her oor tumbling, jequening clock, jand the movin dots sito the movin folds were where ship all twoff Augarh; lead the movin dots at the word word warm of the war going to spring down hill when a little jihadow with the leave that the clock warm of the war going to spring down hill when a little jihadow with the leave that gains "the war going to spring down hill when a little jihadow with the leave that gain warm of the war going to spring down hill when a little jihadow with the leave that gain warm of the w

=76.033%

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP + TN)}{(TP + FP + FN + TN)} *10$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(77 + 15)}{(77 + 15 + 14 + 15)} *100$$

Word total=119
Word detect=35

=<mark>39</mark>.495%

$$Accuracy = \frac{(TP+TN)}{(TP+FP+FN+TN)} *100$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{(35+12)}{(35+25+47+12)} *100$$

Table 5.2: Table Evaluation Comparison

5.2.3 Analysis Table Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score

For the Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score analysis using the formula

$$Accuracy = (TP + TN) / (TP + FP + FN + TN)$$

Precission = (TP) / (TP+FP)

Recall = (TP) / (TP + FN)

F1 Score = 2 * (Recall*Precission) / (Recall + Precission)

TP:True Positve

TN:True Negative

FP:False Positive

FN:False Negative

No	o Word With Co				h Convolut	onvolutional Layer		
	Total	Detect	Font	Accura cy	Precissio n	Recall	F1- Score	
1	108	107	Arial Black	99.0740 7407%	100%	99.074 07407 %	99.5348 8372%	
2	125	115 R	Arial Italic	97.5206 6116%	97.45762 71186411 <mark>%</mark>	100%	98.7124 4635%	
3	85	62	Arial Narrow	90.14 <mark>08</mark> 4507%	98.41269 84126984 %	91.176 47059 %	94.6564 8855%	
4	106	95	Calibri Light	93.3962 2642%	9 <mark>5.959</mark> 59 5 <mark>95959</mark> 6 %	96.938 77551 %	96.4467 0051%	
5	83	70	Calibri	89.1566 2651%	94.59459 45945946 %	93.333 33333 %	93.9597 3154%	
6	135	115	Courier	90.3703 7037%	94.26229 50819672 %	95.041 32231 %	94.6502 0576%	
7	132	132	Tahoma	100%	100%	100%	100%	
8	125	99	Arial	87.7049 1803%	92.52336 44859813 %	93.396 22642 %	92.9577 4648%	
9	113	107	Times New Romans	97.3451 3274%	97.27272 72727273 %	100%	98.6175 1152%	
10	119	77	Calibri Body Italic	76.0330 5785%	83.69565 2173913 %	84.615 38462 %	84.1530 0546%	

Table 5.3: Analysis Table Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score

5.2.4 Analysis Table Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score

No		Word			Without Convolutional Layer			
	Total	Detect	Font	Accura cy	Precissio n	Recall	F1- Score	
1	108	86	Arial Black	86.1111 1111111 11%	92.47311 8279569 9%	91.489 361702 1277%	91.9786 096256 685%	
2	125	82	Arial Italic	73.6%	86.31578 9473684 2%	80.392 156862 7451%	83.2487 309644 67%	
3	85	24	Arial Narrow	40%	54.54545 4545454 5 %	43.636 363636 3636%	48.4848 484848 485%	
4	106	65	Calibri Light	68.8679 2452830 19%	84.41558 4415584 4%	75.581 395348 8372%	79.7546 012269 939%	
5	83	31	Calibri	44.5783 1325301 21%	64.58333 3333333 3%	51.666 666666 6667%	57.4074 074074 074%	
6	135	595	Courier	53.333 3333333 33%	71.08433 7349397 6%	60.204 081632 6531%	65.1933 701657 459%	
7	132	129	Tahoma	97.7272 7272727 27%	100%	97.727 272727 2727%	98.8505 747126 437%	
8	125	62	Arial	60.8%	73.80952 3809523 8%	69.662 921348 3146%	71.6763 005780 347%	
9	113	93	Times New Romans		95.87628 8659793 8%	85.321 100917 4312%	90.2912 621359 223%	
10	119	35	Calibri Body Italic	39.4957 9831932 77%	58.33333 3333333 3%	42.682 926829 2683%	49.2957 746478 873%	

Table 5.4: Analysis Table without Convolutional Layer Analysis Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score

5.2.3 Analysis without Convolutional Layer

Basically the Convolutional Layer is used to create a feature map for the incoming image, the way the Convolutional Layer works is to provide a filter in this evaluation, a gray filter is given to make the incoming image from RGB format which has 3 color channels to Black and White format which has 2 color chanel. The process of applying filters produces a feature map that is used to determine the pixel value in the image. In the convolutional layer feature map process, it will produce patterns, lines and positions that are formed by pixels to produce a character letter based on the highest value, namely 1. The feature map process is very important for the maxpooling process which will look for pixel information from the incoming image to be used as data. how to find the highest pixel value, which is 1 in the feature map generated by the convolutional layer. In evaluations without using the Convolutional layer, the maxpooling process does not work well because there is no feature map generated from the Convolutional Layer. The incoming image without going through the Convolutional Layer process is still in RGB format which has a value from 0-255 so the maxpooling process to find and identify the highest pixel value to detect the character area in the image becomes difficult.

5.2.4 Analysis Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score

The calculation of Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score in the LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) and Tesseract models has the same evaluation data based on the size of the text image, font type, font size. In the comparison of LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) and tesseract in OCR (Optical Character Recognition) in terms of Accuracy, it has a high level of accuracy in detecting text images. Of the 10 evaluation data, the LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) model has the lowest accuracy rate in the Calibri Body Italic font with 64.70% Accuracy and has the highest Accuracy for Tahoma fonts with 100% Accuracy level, Tesseract has the lowest level at Calibri Light font with 88.67% Accuracy. In comparison Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score in LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) and LSTM

(Long Short Term Memory) without Convolutional Laver using the same evaluation data, based on image size, font type, font size. The comparison results of Accuracy, Precession, Recall, F1-Score have much differences as in the analysis table, LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) without Convolutional Layer has a low level of Accuracy, Precission, Recall, F1-Score compared to LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) with a Convolutional Layer. There are 3 types of fonts in LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) without Convolutional Layer which have a low level of Accuracy, namely Arial Narrow Accuracy 40%, Precission 54.54545454545%, Recall 43.6363636363636%, F1-Score 48.48484848485%, Calibri Accuracy 44.5783132530121%, Precission 64.5833333333333%, Recall 51.666666666667%, F1-Score 57.4074074074%, Calibri Body Italic Accuracy font 39.4<mark>957983</mark>19327<mark>7%, Preciss</mark>ion 5<mark>8.33333</mark>33333333%, Recall 42.6829268292<mark>683%, F</mark>1-Score 49.2957746478873%. In LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) with Convolutional Layer, Arial Narrow font type has Accuracy 90.14084507%, Precission 98.4126984126984%, Recall 91.17647059%, F1-Score 94.65648855%, Calibri Accuracy 89.15662651%, Precission 94.594594594594<mark>6%, Rec</mark>all 94.5945945946 -Score 93.95973154%, in the font Calibri Body Italic Accuracy 76.03305785%, Precission 83.695652173913%, Recall 84.61538462%, F1-Score 84.15300546%. The use of Convolutional Layer in text recognition has an effect on the accuracy of the LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) model with Convolutional Layer and LSTM (Long Short Term Memory) without a Convolutional Layer because the Convolutioanl Layer is in charge of making the feature map required by the Maxpoolong process to find the pixel chrcater form a letter in the incoming image.