

7 LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Uji *Overrun* terhadap sampel

Lampiran 1.1. Kontrol

Lampiran 1.1.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

	menit	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun	1	.286	6	.136	.828	6	.102
	2	.279	6	.159	.836	6	.122
	3	.180	6	.200*	.920	6	.505
	4	.223	6	.200*	.908	6	.421
	5	.183	6	.200*	.960	6	.820

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 1.1.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
overrun	Based on Mean	.814	4	25	.528
	Based on Median	.379	4	25	.821
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.379	4	12.916	.820
	Based on trimmed mean	.713	4	25	.591

Lampiran 1.1.3. Uji Duncan

overrun

Duncan^a

menit	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05				
		1	2	3	4	5
5	6	115.00				
4	6		151.67			
3	6			233.33		
1	6				303.33	
2	6					343.33
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.

Lampiran 1.2. Minyak padat nabati 30%

Lampiran 1.2.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

menit	Statistic	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
		df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.	
overrun 1	.183	6	.200*	.960	6	.820	
2	.254	6	.200*	.866	6	.212	
3	.214	6	.200*	.958	6	.804	
4	.167	6	.200*	.982	6	.960	
5	.167	6	.200*	.982	6	.960	

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 1.2.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
overrun	Based on Mean	.617	4	25	.654
	Based on Median	.676	4	25	.615
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.676	4	21.288	.616
	Based on trimmed mean	.606	4	25	.662

Lampiran 1.2.3. Uji Duncan

overrun


Duncan^a

Subset for alpha = 0.05

menit	N	1	2	3
1	6	125.0000		
2	6		158.3333	
5	6		160.0000	
3	6		168.3333	
4	6			200.0000
Sig.		1.000	.203	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.



Lampiran 1.3. Minyak padat nabati 35%

Lampiran 1.3.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

menit	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun 1.00	.293	6	.117	.915	6	.473
2.00	.293	6	.117	.915	6	.473
3.00	.183	6	.200 [*]	.960	6	.820
4.00	.223	6	.200	.908	6	.421
5.00	.223	6	.200 [*]	.908	6	.421

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 1.3.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

overrun		Levene Statistic		df1	df2	Sig.
		Statistic	df			
	Based on Mean	.052	4	25	.995	
	Based on Median	.091	4	25	.984	
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.091	4	23.315	.984	
	Based on trimmed mean	.045	4	25	.996	

Lampiran 1.3.3. Uji Duncan

overrun

Duncan^a

menit	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05			
		1	2	3	4
1.00	6	146.6667			
5.00	6		171.6667		
2.00	6		176.6667		
3.00	6			195.0000	
4.00	6				221.6667
Sig.		1.000	.435	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.

Lampiran 1.4. Minyak padat nabati 40%

Lampiran 1.4.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

menit	Statistic	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun 1.00	.209	.209	6	.200*	.907	6	.415
2.00	.214	.214	6	.200*	.958	6	.804
3.00	.185	.185	6	.200*	.974	6	.918
4.00	.212	.212	6	.200*	.933	6	.607
5.00	.263	.263	6	.200*	.823	6	.093

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 1.4.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
overrun	Based on Mean	.198	4	25	.937
	Based on Median	.203	4	25	.934
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.203	4	21.136	.934
	Based on trimmed mean	.199	4	25	.937

Lampiran 1.4.3. Uji Duncan

overrun

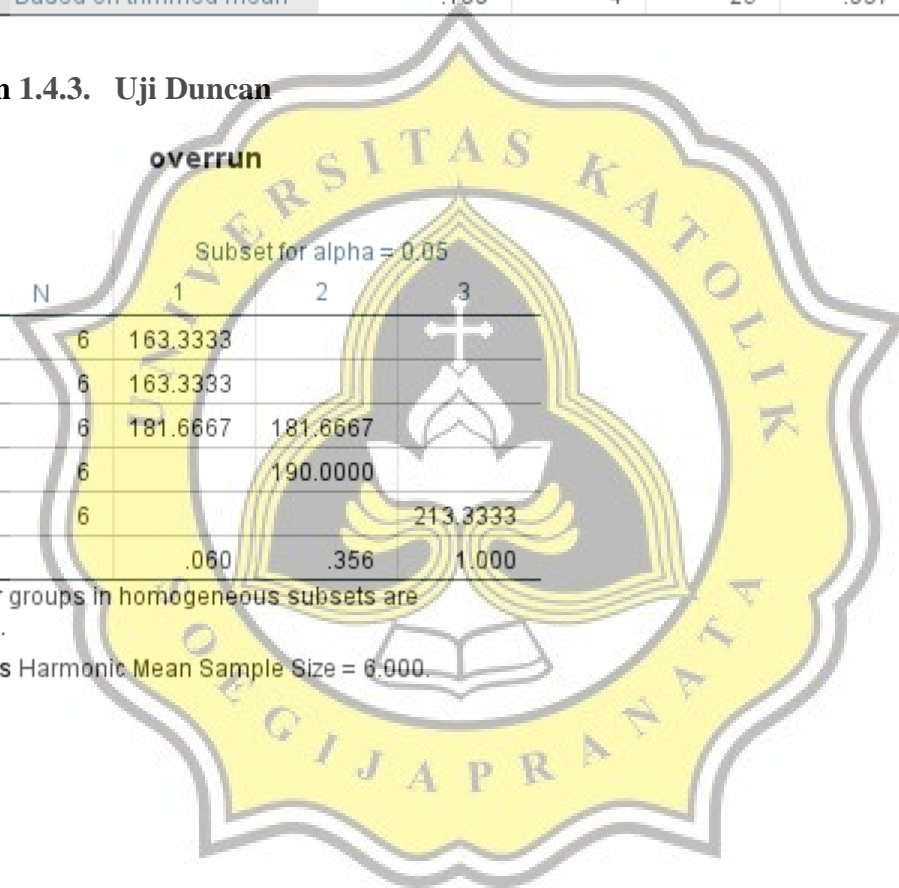
Duncan^a

Subset for alpha = 0.05

menit	N	1	2	3
1.00	6	163.3333		
5.00	6	163.3333		
2.00	6	181.6667	181.6667	
4.00	6		190.0000	
3.00	6			213.3333
Sig.		.060	.356	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.



Lampiran 2. Uji *Overrun* terhadap waktu

Lampiran 2.1. Menit ke 1

Lampiran 2.1.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun kontrol	.286	6	.136	.828	6	.102
veg30	.202	6	.200*	.853	6	.167
veg35	.293	6	.117	.915	6	.473
veg40	.209	6	.200*	.907	6	.415

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 2.1.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

overrun		Levene	df1	df2	Sig.
		Statistic			
	Based on Mean	1.656	3	20	.208
	Based on Median	.847	3	20	.485
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.847	3	7.552	.508
	Based on trimmed mean	1.439	3	20	.261

Lampiran 2.1.1. Uji Duncan

overrun

Duncan^a

sample	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05		
		1	2	3
veg30	6	130.0000		
veg35	6	146.6667	146.6667	
veg40	6		163.3333	
kontrol	6			303.3333
Sig.		.100	.100	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6,000.

Lampiran 2.2. Menit ke 2

Tests of Normality

sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun kontrol	.279	6	.159	.836	6	.122
veg30	.254	6	.200 [*]	.866	6	.212
veg35	.293	6	.117	.915	6	.473
veg40	.214	6	.200 [*]	.958	6	.804

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

overrun	Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
Based on Mean	1.283	3	20	.307
Based on Median	.687	3	20	.571
Based on Median and with adjusted df	.687	3	9.495	.581
Based on trimmed mean	1.164	3	20	.348

Lampiran 2.2.3. Uji Duncan

overrun

Duncan^a

Subset for alpha = 0.05

sample	N	1	2	3
veg30	6	158.3333		
veg35	6		176.6667	
veg40	6		181.6667	
kontrol	6			343.3333
Sig.		1.000	.576	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6,000.

Lampiran 2.3. Menit ke 3

Tests of Normality

sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun kontrol	.180	6	.200 [*]	.920	6	.505
veg30	.214	6	.200 [*]	.958	6	.804
veg35	.183	6	.200 [*]	.960	6	.820
veg40	.185	6	.200 [*]	.974	6	.918

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 2.3.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

overrun		Levene	df1	df2	Sig.
		Statistic			
	Based on Mean	.588	3	20	.630
	Based on Median	.541	3	20	.660
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.541	3	17.177	.661
	Based on trimmed mean	.588	3	20	.630

Lampiran 2.3.3. Uji Duncan

Duncan^a

sample	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05			
		1	2	3	4
veg30	6	168.3333			
veg35	6		195.0000		
veg40	6			213.3333	
kontrol	6				233.3333
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6,000.

Lampiran 2.4. Menit ke 4

Tests of Normality

	sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun	kontrol	.223	6	.200 [*]	.908	6	.421
	veg30	.167	6	.200 [*]	.982	6	.960
	veg35	.223	6	.200 [*]	.908	6	.421
	veg40	.212	6	.200 [*]	.933	6	.607

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

		Levene		df1	df2	Sig.
		Statistic				
overrun	Based on Mean	.393		3	20	.760
	Based on Median	.404		3	20	.752
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.404		3	17.286	.752
	Based on trimmed mean	.405		3	20	.751

overrun

Duncan^a

Subset for alpha = 0.05				
sample	N	1	2	3
kontrol	6	151.6667		
veg40	6		190.0000	
veg30	6		200.0000	
veg35	6			221.6667
Sig.		1.000	.233	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6,000.

Lampiran 2.5. Menit ke 5

Tests of Normality

sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
overrun kontrol	.183	6	.200*	.960	6	.820
veg30	.167	6	.200*	.982	6	.960
veg35	.223	6	.200*	.908	6	.421
veg40	.263	6	.200*	.823	6	.093

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

overrun		Levene	df1	df2	Sig.
		Statistic			
	Based on Mean	.195	3	20	.899
	Based on Median	.091	3	20	.964
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.091	3	17.704	.964
	Based on trimmed mean	.190	3	20	.902

overrun

Duncan^a

sample	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
kontrol	6	115.0000	
veg30	6		160.0000
veg40	6		163.3333
veg35	6		171.6667
Sig.		1.000	.143

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6,000.

Lampiran 3. Uji *Stiffness*

Lampiran 3.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

	Sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Stiffness	kontrol	.157	6	.200 [*]	.985	6	.973
	fat30	.175	6	.200 [*]	.956	6	.788
	fat35	.269	6	.200 [*]	.831	6	.110
	fat40	.212	6	.200 [*]	.890	6	.316

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 3.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Stiffness		Levene	df1	df2	Sig.
		Statistic			
Stiffness	Based on Mean	.915	3	20	.452
	Based on Median	.821	3	20	.497
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	.821	3	15.377	.502
	Based on trimmed mean	.914	3	20	.452

Lampiran 3.3. Uji Duncan

Stiffness

Duncan^a

Subset for alpha = 0.05					
Sample	N	1	2	3	4
fat30	6	33.0897			
fat35	6		38.1550		
fat40	6			42.5895	
kontrol	6				71.4182
Sig.		1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.

Lampiran 4. Uji Kadar Lemak

Lampiran 4.1. Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

sample	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
kadar_lemak kontrol	.192	6	.200 [*]	.947	6	.712
veg30	.181	6	.200 [*]	.938	6	.646
veg35	.167	6	.200 [*]	.963	6	.845
veg40	.202	6	.200 [*]	.941	6	.663

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 4.2. Uji Homogenitas

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

kadar_lemak		Levene Statistic		df1	df2	Sig.
kadar_lemak	Based on Mean	1.539	3	20	.235	
	Based on Median	1.377	3	20	.279	
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	1.377	3	11.676	.298	
	Based on trimmed mean	1.530	3	20	.238	

Lampiran 4.3. Uji Duncan

kadar_lemakDuncan^a

sample	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05		
		1	2	3
kontrol	6	31.0908		
veg30	6	31.6443		
veg35	6		36.3272	
veg40	6			40.7718
Sig.		.146	1.000	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.

Lampiran 5. Uji Kadar Protein**Lampiran 5.1. Uji Normalitas**

Tests of Normality							
Sample	Statistic	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		Sig.
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	
Kadar_protein kontrol	.155	.6	.200 [*]	.984	6	.970	
veg30	.210	.6	.200 [*]	.926	6	.548	
veg35	.167	.6	.200 [*]	.943	6	.681	
veg40	.175	.6	.200 [*]	.983	6	.966	

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Lampiran 5.2. Uji Homogenitas**Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

		Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
Kadar_protein	Based on Mean	1.092	3	20	.375
	Based on Median	1.107	3	20	.370
	Based on Median and with adjusted df	1.107	3	16.716	.374
	Based on trimmed mean	1.105	3	20	.370

Lampiran 5.3. Uji Duncan

Kadar_protein

Duncan^a

Sample	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
kontrol	6	2.1342	
veg30	6		3.5218
veg35	6		3.5363
veg40	6		3.5823
Sig.		1.000	.684

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 6.000.

Lampiran 6. Uji Sensori

Lampiran 6.1. Uji Kruskal-Wallis

Test Statistics^{a,b}

	rasa	warna	tekstur	overall
Kruskal-Wallis H	46.542	64.908	69.866	67.703
df	3	3	3	3
Asymp. Sig.	.000	.000	.000	.000

a. Kruskal Wallis Test

b. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 6.2. Uji Mann Whitney

Lampiran 6.2.1. Kontrol & Minyak padat nabati 30%

Test Statistics^a

	warna	rasa	tekstur	overall
Mann-Whitney U	44.000	60.000	48.000	25.000
Wilcoxon W	509.000	525.000	513.000	490.000
Z	-6.333	-6.032	-6.300	-6.594
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

a. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 6.2.2. Kontrol & Minyak padat nabati 35%

Test Statistics^a

	warna	rasa	tekstur	overall
Mann-Whitney U	24.500	96.000	9.000	25.500
Wilcoxon W	489.500	561.000	474.000	490.500
Z	-6.583	-5.504	-6.863	-6.580
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

a. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 6.2.3. Kontrol & Minyak padat nabati 40%

Test Statistics^a

	warna	rasa	tekstur	overall
Mann-Whitney U	145.000	114.000	123.000	166.000
Wilcoxon W	610.000	579.000	588.000	631.000
Z	-4.897	-5.241	-5.270	-4.605
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

a. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 6.2.4. Minyak padat nabati 30% & Minyak padat nabati 35%

Test Statistics^a

	warna	rasa	tekstur	overall
Mann-Whitney U	320.500	394.000	280.500	397.500
Wilcoxon W	785.500	859.000	745.500	862.500
Z	-2.064	-.871	-2.726	-.838
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.039	.384	.006	.402

a. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 6.2.5. Minyak padat nabati 30% & Minyak padat nabati 40%

Test Statistics^a

	warna	rasa	tekstur	overall
Mann-Whitney U	187.000	424.000	262.500	190.000
Wilcoxon W	652.000	889.000	727.500	655.000
Z	-4.060	-.403	-2.913	-4.025
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.687	.004	.000

a. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 6.2.6. Minyak padat nabati 35% & Minyak padat nabati 40%

Test Statistics^a

	warna	rasa	tekstur	overall
Mann-Whitney U	243.500	380.000	160.500	180.000
Wilcoxon W	708.500	845.000	625.500	645.000
Z	-3.219	-1.083	-4.521	-4.189
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.001	.279	.000	.000

a. Grouping Variable: sample

Lampiran 7. Hasil Plagscan



8.78% PLAGIARISM APPROXIMATELY

0.05% IN QUOTES

Report #11879798

2 **5** PENDAHULUAN Latar Belakang Whipped cream merupakan krim yang akan menebal jika dikocok akibat butiran lemak yang telah distabilkan oleh suatu lapisan protein rusak sehingga membentuk struktur bersambung atau jembatan yang dapat mempertahankan buih stabil apabila udara dipaksakan masuk ke dalam krim. Dalam pembuatan whipped cream lemak berfungsi memberikan tekstur yang lembut, meningkatkan citarasa, meningkatkan volume pembuihan. Lemak yang biasa digunakan dalam pembuatan whipped cream berasal dari lemak hewani yaitu dari susu sapi. Namun, beberapa orang yang merupakan penderita lactose intolerant maupun vegetarian tidak dapat mengonsumsi whipped cream dengan bahan baku susu sapi. Sehingga perlu dilakukan penggantian susu sapi dengan menggunakan bahan nabati. Jali merupakan sereal yang berasal dari Asia Timur dan Malaya, namun telah menyebar hingga ke Asia Tenggara. Di Cina jali biasa dimanfaatkan sebagai obat dan sereal bergisi (Chaisiricharoenkul et al., 2011). Sedangkan di Jepang dan Thailand, minuman berbahan dasar jali dapat ditemukan di pasar dan berfungsi sebagai alternatif minuman sehat (Chaisiricharoenkul et al., 2011). Oleh masyarakat Indonesia, jali telah sejak lama dikenal sebagai bahan pangan. Jali biasa diolah menjadi bubur, makanan pengganti nasi, sup, makanan manis, dan minuman (Juhaeti, 2015). Jali

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AUTHOR

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