

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5.1 Conclusion

After analyzing and interpreting the data, the writer comes to the conclusion that the accuracy of 'Google Translate' in translating English sentences to Indonesian sentences is very low (8.75%) . Most of the sentences, which are used as the data, are translated incorrectly. Based on chapter 4 (table 4.3), the highest percentage of correct translation is at Non Academic simple sentences (40%), while most of the other sentences percentage are very low ($\leq 10\%$). The mistakes found in the translation result mostly are mistakes at minor detail, so the translation mistakes are not too serious. But, the writer also finds a case where the mistake is very serious. Moreover, the writer finds that there are some cases where the 'Google Translate' often makes mistake. Each parameter has at least one case in which 'Google Translate' often makes mistake.

5.2 Suggestion

From the result of the study, the writer suggests to the readers to use "Google Translate" only for translating non academic simple sentences, since it has the highest percentage of correct translation among the eight types of sentences. The writer also suggests not to use the 'Google Translate' as a primary translation tool, but as a translation aid. Because the mistakes that 'Google Translate' makes are not too serious, it can still be used, but it must be accompanied by Human Translator, who should edit the post-translation result.

For further studies, the writer suggests two main points that can be used as consideration:

1. For Qualitative Study, the writer suggests the use of another theory of translation, in order to make a comparison with this study.
2. For Quantitative Study, the writer suggests that the study is done on the mistakes that the writer found in this study.

