

PROJECT REPORT TRAVELING SALESMAN PROBLEM USING ANT COLONY OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHM

Lestari

10.02.0013

2013/2014



FACULTY OF COMPUTER SCIENCE SOEGIJAPRANATA CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY

Jl. Pawiyatan Luhur IV/1, Bendan Duwur, SEMARANG 50234
Telp. 024-8441555 (hunting) Web: http://www.unika.ac.id
http://ikomunika.web.id/

APPROVAL AND RATIFICATION PAGE PROJECT REPORT

TRAVELING SALES PROBLEM USING ANT COLONY OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHM

by

10.02.0013 - LESTARI

This project report has been approved and ratified by the Dean of Faculty of Computer Science and Supervisor on 18 July 2014

With approval,

Examiners,

Suyanto Edward Antonius, Ir., M.Sc

NPP: 058.1.1992.116

Supervisor,

Hironimus Ledng, S.Kom., M.Kom

NPP: 058.1.2007.273

Examiners,

Shinta Estri Wahyuningrum, S.Si, M.Cs

NPP: 058.1.2007.272

Examiners,

Rosita Herawati, ST., MIT

NPP: 058.1.2004.263

Dean of Faculty of Computer Science,

MPP-058.1.2007.273

FULTAS ILMU KOMPY

STATEMENT OF ORIGINALITY

I, the undersigned:

Name : Lestari

ID : 10.02.0013

Certify that this project was made by myself and not copy or plagiarize from other people, except that in writing expressed to the other article. If it is proven that this project was plagiarizes or copy the other, I am ready to accept a sanction.

Semarang, 18 July 2014

Lestari

10.02.0013

ABSTRACT

The Traveling Salesman Problem is one of the most intensively studied problems in computational mathematics. The traveling salesman problem consists of a salesman and a set of cities. The salesman has to visit each one of the cities starting from a certain one (e.g. the hometown) and returning to the same city. The challenge of the problem is that the traveling salesman wants to minimize the total length of the trip.

The Ant Colony Optimization (ACO) meta-heuristic is inspired by the foraging behavior of real ants, in particular by the way ants find short paths between their nest and food sources. While a single ant has limites vision and would not be able to accomplish this feat, a swarm of ants can succeed by indirectly communicating via pheromone markings.

This project described about the issue in traveling salesman problem which discusses the problem of finding the shortest route in the graph in order to go through all places and back at the starting place. The purpose of this project is to solve the problem in determining the route using Ant Colony Optimization so that the travel distance to the all places is being optimal.

Keyword: Traveling salesman problem, Ant Colony Optimization algorithm

FOREWORD

This thesis is the result of my four years of studying at the Faculty of Computer Science Soegijapranata Catholic University. Thanks to motivation and interest in this academic area, I made it till the end. At the moment I am looking forward to the graduation and I am looking into the future with the same light of motivation and confidence, as four years ago.

There were hardships and struggles, and lack of confidence. Neverthless, I will always remember this period as one full of joy, laughter and solid friendships. Yet most of all, the time at the Faculty of Computer Science will be marked with hard work rewarded with decent results, not only regarding studying, but also regarding shaping of the personality.

All the effort put into this Bachelor Assignment would not be enough, If I did not have the support of my loving family, friends, and also my lectures around me. Therefore, I would like to thank to Almighty god because of His Grace I am able to finish this. My mother, Yuli Astuti, for being strict when I needed it and her priceless advice and support she was always ready to give. My Father in Heaven, I know you always watch me from there. My friends made sure I had the necessary distraction during the process and always came up with handy ideas.

Most of all, I would like to show my appreciation and gratitude for the involvement of my supervisor, Hironimus Marlon Leong, S.Kom.,M.Kom, who always taught me and give solution when I had a problem. Last but not least, I would say thank you to all the lectures, who taught me since I start my study here. You're such an amazing lecture that I ever met.

Semarang, July 18th 2014

Lestari

TABLE OF CONTENTS

APPRO	OVAL and RATIFICATION PAGE	i
LETTE	CR of STATEMENT	ii
ABSTR	ACT	iii
FOREV	WORD	iv
TABLE	E OF CONTENTS	vi
TABLE	OF FIGURES	vii
TABLE	E OF TABLES	ix
CHAP?	TER I INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Background	1
1.2	Scope	2
1.3	Objectives	2
CHAP	FER II LITERATURE STUDY	3
2.1	Data Structures	3
	2.1.2 Two-dimensional Aray	3
2.2	Algorithm	4
	2.2.1 Ant Colony Optimization	4
CHAP	ΓER III PLANNING	8
3.1	Research Methodology	8
3.2	Project Management	9
CHAP	ΓER IV ANALYSIS AND DESIGN	10
4.1	Analysis	10
	4.1.1 Use Case Diagram	10
4.2	Design	11
	4.2.1 Class Diagram	11
	4.2.2 Flowchart	12
CHAP	TER V IMPLEMENTATION AND TESTING	13
5.1	Implementation	13
	5.1.1 Step 1- Maps and drop Markers	13
	5.1.2. Step 2 – Distance Matrix	14
	5.1.3 Step 3 – Calculate Ant Colony Optimization	15
	5.1.4 Step 4 – Get Direction	17
5.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17
5.3	Main Interface	23
	5.3.1 Main Menu Window	23
	5.3.2 Drop Markers	23
	5.3.3 Calculate Ant Colony	23
	5.3.4 Result Optimization	24
	5.3.5 Direction	25
	5.3.6 Distance Matrix	26
СНАР	TER VI CONCLUSION	27
6.1	Conclusion	27
6.2	•	27
	DENCES	28

TABLE OF FIGURES

Figure 2.1 Distance matrix beetween 5 cities	3
Figure 2.3 Ant Colony double bridge	4
Figure 2.4 ACO Construction Graph for an instance of the TSP	5
Figure 2.5 Probabilities	6
Figure 4.1 Use Case diagram	10
Figure 4.2 Full Class Diagram	11
Figure 4.3 Flowchart	12
Figure 5.2 Distance Matrix	17
Figure 5.2.1 1/distance (nij)	17
Figure 5.2.2 Intial parameters	18
Figure 5.2.3 Iteration 1	18
Figure 5.2.4 Iteration 2	19
Figure 5.2.5 Iteration 3	20
Figure 5.2.6 Iteration 4	21
Figure 5.2.7 Result	22
Figure 5.2.8 24 Possibilities	22
Figure 5.3.1 Main Interface	23
Figure 5.3.2 Drop Markers	24
Figure 5.3.3 Calculate ant colony	24
Figure 5.3.4 Result Optimization Route	25
Figure 5.3.5 Direction	25
Figure 5.3.6 Distance Matrix	26

TABLE OF TABLES

Table 3.1 Project Management	9
Table 5.1 Testing Table	17