

Appendix

The writer had finished the steps that were stated on the research question section, such as finding out the medical-related jargon words found in on-line cartoons and memes, analyzing the meanings of the medical-related jargon words found in on-line cartoons and memes and discovered the word formation process that forms the jargon words.

The general overview of meaning found and word formation analysis for each picture has been done and written in the analysis chapter below the figures.

However, the writer thinks that it will be easier if the result of both the meaning and word formation analysis is put in tables. There are two tables below, one for the meaning analysis which contains the meaning of the medical jargon words that were found and one for the word formation process that were discovered in a jargon word.

Table 4.1 is the general overview of the meaning found which is done after the writer collected the picture and acquired the medical jargon word that might occur.

Table 4.1
The meaning of the Medical Jargon Words

No.	Jargon word	Figure	Meaning
1	Acute Angina	4.1	A medical situation of bad pains in the chest because the heart is weak
2	Abdominal Pain	4.2	A painful feeling that occurs somewhere around stomach or bowels area
3	Anesthesiologist	4.3	A doctor who gives Anaesthetics to a patient.
4	Apoptosis	4.4	A cell suicide, programmed cell death
5	Cardiologist	4.5	A doctor who studies or treats heart diseases
6	EMR	4.6	Electronic Medical Records
7	Osteoporosis	4.7	A medical condition in which your bones become weak and break easily.
8	Colonoscopy	4.8	A test that allows your doctor to look at the inner lining of your large intestine such as rectum and colon.
9	Colostomy Bag	4.9	An artificial anus that is attached to the body that connected to the colon into an opening in the abdominal wall.
10	Coronary Artery	4.11	either two arteries that arise one from the left and one from the right side of the aorta immediately above the semilunar valves and supply the tissues of the heart itself.
11	Doula	4.12	A woman experienced in childbirth that provides advice, information, emotional support, and physical comfort to a mother, before, during and just after childbirth.
12	Epidural	4.12	A pain-relieving drug used when having a baby.
13	Anastomose	4.13	A communication between or coalescence of blood vessels or the surgical union of parts and especially hollow tubular parts
14	Esophagus	4.13	a muscular tube in adult humans is about nine inches (23 centimetres) long and passes from the pharynx down in the neck between the trachea and the spinal column and behind the left bronchus of where it pierces the diaphragm slightly to the left of the middle line and joins the cardiac end of the stomach.
15	Eructiation	4.13	An act or instance of belching
16	Anal Glaucoma	4.14	Anal Glaucoma is not a medical jargon word. Yet, Glaucoma itself has the meaning as an eye disease in which increased pressure in the eye causing the loss of sight.
17	Orthopaedic	4.15	Relating to the medical treatment of problems that affect people's bones or muscles: an orthopaedic surgeon, the orthopaedic ward in the hospital.
18.	Stool Sample	4.16	A piece of solid waste from your bowels.
19.	Dilaudid	4.17	An opioid pain medication and can be used to treat moderate to severe pain.
20.	MRI	4.18	Magnetic Resonance Imaging, process of using strong magnetic fields to make a picture of the inside of someone's body for medical reasons.
21.	Claustrophobia	4.18	An abnormal dread of being in closed or narrow spaces.
22.	Pulmonary Embolism	4.19	A hard mass of blood or small amount of air that blocks a tube carrying blood through the body organs.
23.	Gastroentologist	4.20	A branch of medicine concerned with the structure, functions, disease and pathology of the stomach and intestines.
24.	Cardiomegaly	4.21	An enlargement of heart.

The writer then analyzed the word formation process that occurred in the jargon words, the general overview of the analysis results is listed on table 4.2.

Table 4.2
Word Formation Process of Medical Jargon Words

No.	Jargon Word	Figure	Word Formation Process
1.	Acute Angina	4.1	Borrowed, from the latin word acuere that means sharpen and angere that means strangle.
2.	Abdominal Pain	4.2	Borrowed, from the latin word Abdomen and the latin word poena, french word peine or poine from greek which means payment or punishment. Suffix, by –al to form the word Abdominal.
3.	Anesthesiologist	4.3	Borrowed, for the word logist that was originated from the greek word logos which means logic or reason. Suffix, by adding –ologist to form the Anesthesiologist.
4.	Apoptosis	4.4	Borrowed, from the greek word Apoptosis which means falling off.
5.	Cardiologist	4.5	Borrowed, from both the greek words kardia which means heart and logos that means reason or logic. Suffix, done by adding –logist to form Cardiologist.
6.	EMR	4.6	No word formation found yet.
7.	Osteoporosis	4.7	Borrowed, from the greek word Osteo which means bone and the latin word porosis that means pore. Prefix, by combining the word osteo- and porosis to form the new word Osteoporosis.
8.	Colonoscopy	4.8	Borrowed, from both the greek words colon which means large intestine and from skopos which means purpose. Compounding was done by combining colon and oscopy to found the word colonoscopy.
9.	Colostomy Bag	4.9	Borrowed, from the greek word Colon, from the latin word stomachus which means throat or stomach, from old norse baggies. Suffix, adding –ostomy to the word Colon to form Colostomy. Compounding, by joining Colostomy and Bag to make Colostomy Bag.
10.	Coronary Artery	4.11	Borrowed, from both the latin word corona which means crown and artery.
11.	Doula	4.12	Borrowed, from the greek word Doule which means female helper, maidservant or female slave.
12.	Epidural	4.12	Borrowed, from both latin words. Epi that means epicenter and Dura or Dura Mater that means hard mother or outer covering the main nerve in the back.
13.	Anastomose	4.13	Borrowed, from the latin words anastomosis or anastomoun, which means to provide with outlet and perhaps even the latin word anastoma which means opening something related to the stomach.
14.	Esophagus	4.13	Borrowed, from middle english ysophagus, medieval latin ysofogus, greek oisophagus or oisein or phagein which has respective means to be going to carry and to eat.
15.	Eructation	4.13	No word formation found yet.
16.	Anal Glaucoma	4.14	Borrowed, from greek word glaukos which means gray.

Table 4.2 (cont.)
Word Formation Process of Medical Jargons

No.	Jargon Word	Figure	Word Formation Process
17.	Orthopaedic	4.15	Borrowed, from french orthopedique or greek ortho which means orthodox and pais which means child.
18.	Stool Sample	4.16	No word formation process found.
19.	Dilaudid	4.17	No word formation process found.
20.	MRI	4.18	No word formation process found.
21.	Claustrophobia	4.18	Borrowed, from latin words claustrum which means keeping the door closed and phobia which means fear.
22.	Pulmonary Embolism	4.19	Borrowed, from latin word pulmonarios or pulmo which means lung. The word emblem was from latin word embolismus or greek word emballein which means emblem.
23.	Gastroentologist	4.20	Borrowed, the word gastro was from french word gastronomie which means stomach. Suffix, done by adding –enterologist to form the word gastroentologist.
24.	Cardiomegaly	4.21	Borrowed, from greek word kardia which means heart. Mega was also borrowed from greek word megas which means large. Prefix, by joining cardio- and mega to form cardiomega. Suffix, by adding –ly to create cardiomegaly.